

**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
**(Large Entity)**

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Docket No.  
Hitachi-0008Total Pages in this Submission  
3**TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS**Box Patent Application  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b) is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

**TERMINAL USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS**

and invented by:

**Shiro MAZAWA et al.**If a **CONTINUATION APPLICATION**, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

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Enclosed are:

**Application Elements**

1. ☒ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 71 pages and including the following:
  - a. ☒ Descriptive Title of the Invention
  - b. ☐ Cross References to Related Applications (if applicable)
  - c. ☐ Statement Regarding Federally-sponsored Research/Development (if applicable)
  - d. ☐ Reference to Microfiche Appendix (if applicable)
  - e. ☒ Background of the Invention
  - f. ☒ Brief Summary of the Invention
  - g. ☒ Brief Description of the Drawings (if drawings filed)
  - h. ☒ Detailed Description
  - i. ☒ Claim(s) as Classified Below
  - j. ☒ Abstract of the Disclosure

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**Application Elements (Continued)**

3. ☒ Drawing(s) *(when necessary as prescribed by 35 USC 113)*
- a. ☐ Formal                      Number of Sheets \_\_\_\_\_
- b. ☒ Informal                      Number of Sheets 21
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration
- a. ☐ Newly executed *(original or copy)*                      ☒ Unexecuted
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) *(for continuation/divisional application only)*
- c. ☒ With Power of Attorney                      ☐ Without Power of Attorney
- d. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)  
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application,  
see 37 C.F.R. 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference *(usable if Box 4b is checked)*  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under  
Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby  
incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Computer Program in Microfiche *(Appendix)*
7. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission *(if applicable, all must be included)*
- a. ☐ Paper Copy
- b. ☐ Computer Readable Copy *(identical to computer copy)*
- c. ☐ Statement Verifying Identical Paper and Computer Readable Copy

**Accompanying Application Parts**

8. ☒ Assignment Papers *(cover sheet & document(s))*
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(B) Statement *(when there is an assignee)*
10. ☐ English Translation Document *(if applicable)*
11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449                      ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard
14. ☒ Certificate of Mailing
- ☐ First Class                      ☒ Express Mail *(Specify Label No.):* EL022641791US

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**Accompanying Application Parts (Continued)**

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)

16. ☐ Additional Enclosures (please identify below):

**Fee Calculation and Transmittal**

**CLAIMS AS FILED**

For	#Filed	#Allowed	#Extra	Rate	Fee
Total Claims	29	- 20 =	9	x \$18.00	\$162.00
Indep. Claims	2	- 3 =	0	x \$78.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
BASIC FEE					\$690.00
OTHER FEE (specify purpose)					\$0.00
TOTAL FILING FEE					\$852.00

- ☒ A check in the amount of **\$852.00** to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. **50-0462** as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☐ Charge the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ as filing fee.
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- ☒ Charge any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17.
- ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).

Dated:

June 23, 2000

Signature

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## Title of the Invention

## TERMINAL USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS

## 5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to mobile communication systems, more particularly to a technique for limiting the usage of mobile terminals existing in a specific area.

10 In recent years, the usage of such mobile communication systems as portable telephones and PHS terminals is rapidly spreading due to the progress in communication technologies. On the other hand, problems are arising from such a rapidly increased usage of mobile communication systems. For example, since portable  
15 telephones are usable anywhere if they are connected to the base station, they are used in such restricted places as movie theaters, playhouses, concert halls and trains where the usage of those portable telephones should be eliminated.

20 To cope with the above problems, there has been a conventional counter measure by announcing to the users to refrain their portable telephone uses in the restricted places. In fact, there has been no other ways but to entrust the matter to the ethics of the users.  
25 Unfortunately, it is true that the users often give in to

the convenience of their portable telephones and use them carelessly in those restricted places. Even when they are consciously restraining themselves to receive calls, they might possibly forget to turn off the power or to disable  
5 vibration/ring features.

In order to limit the usage of mobile communication systems in a certain restricted area, some techniques are disclosed in Japanese Patent Prepublication No.10-145864, No.10-276473, No.10-304430, No.10-327474,  
10 No.10-328882, and No.11-8885.

For example, in one technique to limit both originating and terminating mobile terminal signals by connecting an auxiliary system to a base station, the base station needs to be modified so as to connect to the  
15 auxiliary system. In addition, if such an auxiliary system is installed in a movie theater, a leased line must be connected to the base station from the movie theater. And accordingly, this technique has to confront an impossible problem to lay such a leased line in each of moving trains,  
20 etc.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the present invention to provide a terminal-usage limiting apparatus for limiting  
25 mobile terminals in transmitting or receiving signals

without any modification to the functions of the base stations such as existing mainframe systems.

In order to achieve the above object, the terminal usage limiting apparatus of the present invention switches (handoff) the target mobile terminal coming into a specific area thereto, thereby limiting originating or terminating signals of the mobile terminal.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

10 Fig.1 is a block diagram illustrating an embodiment of the mobile communication system according to the present invention.

Fig.2 is a block diagram illustrating the embodiment of a terminal usage limiting apparatus according to the present invention.

Fig.3 is a message sequence performed by the embodiment according to the present invention.

Fig.4 is another block diagram illustrating the embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus according to the present invention.

Fig.5 is another message sequence performed by the embodiment according to the present invention.

Fig.6 is still another block diagram illustrating the embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus according to the present invention.

Fig.7 is a block diagram illustrating the embodiment of a mobile terminal according to the present invention.

Fig.8 is still another message sequence performed by the embodiment of the present invention.

5 Fig.9 is an example of a display for limiting the terminal usage in the embodiment according to the present invention.

Fig.10 is an example of listing phone numbers that are not restricted for transmission in the restricted area in  
10 the embodiment according to the present invention.

Fig.11 is an example of a message sequence for emergency calling in the embodiment according to the present invention.

Fig.12 is an example of another message sequence for  
15 emergency calling in the embodiment according to the present invention.

Fig.13 is a flowchart illustrating the processing performed by the embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus according to the present invention.

20 Fig.14 is another block diagram illustrating the embodiment of the mobile communication system according to the embodiment of the present invention.

Fig.15 is still another block diagram illustrating the embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus  
25 according to the present invention.

Fig.16 is a block diagram illustrating embodiment of the mobile terminal according to the present invention.

Fig.17 is a diagram illustrating the operation of the terminal usage limiting apparatus while the terminal usage limiting apparatus is moving from a base station to another.

Fig.18 is a message sequence when the terminal usage limiting apparatus is moving from a base station to another.

Fig.19 is an example of a neighbor base station information table in the embodiment according to the present invention.

Fig.20 is an example of a message sequence for emergency calling from a mobile terminal which is located in a predetermined usage limiting area.

Fig.21 is a flowchart illustrating the processing performed by the embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus according to the present invention.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Hereunder, the preferred embodiments of the present invention will be described with respect to a CDMA mobile communication system with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Fig.1 shows a block diagram of the CDMA mobile communication system of the present invention. A mobile terminal 101 is assumed to move sequentially from a position



at t0 to t2 via t1. Base stations 102 and 103 are connected to each other in a wireless manner. An exchange 104 is connected to both of the base stations 102 and 103 and is used to exchange communication lines with both a mobile  
5 network and a public network. A terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is installed in a movie theater, a concert hall, a hospital, or the like and outputs specific control messages to the mobile terminal 101 so as to limit the usage thereof. The base station 102 provides communication  
10 services to the mobile terminal 101 located in a service area 106. The service area 107 is covered by the base station 103. A restricted area 108 is defined by a terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 which limits the usage of each mobile terminal 101 in the area 108.

15 In this example, the mobile terminal 101 is receiving control messages from the base station 102. In this state, the mobile terminal 101 at t0 can begin communication with another mobile terminal any time via the base station 102. On the other hand, the mobile terminal  
20 101 receives control messages from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 respectively at t1 and t2 so that the terminal 101 is limited in communications as illustrated in one of the following embodiments.

(Embodiment 1)

In this embodiment, the mobile terminal 101 coming into the area 108 is switched to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 (idle handoff) so that the mobile terminal 101 is limited in usage. More concretely, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 sends base station ID information to the mobile terminal 101 via the pilot channel, then sends pseudo control messages to the terminal 101 via the paging channel. In this state, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105, even when accessed from the mobile terminal 101, does not receive any control message via the access channel and ignores the message. The mobile terminal 101 is thus limited in usage.

The above pilot channel means a channel that is spreading-modulated by a Pilot PN offset which is different among base stations. The mobile terminal 101, when it is powered, first attempts to capture this channel. Then, the mobile terminal 101 measures the receiving strength of the pilot channel from an neighboring base station and uses the strength as a criterion for a handoff operation. The above paging channel means a channel used by each base station to send system information such as responses to messages to each mobile terminal 101. The above access channel means a channel used by each of the mobile terminal 101 to send messages to each base station. Originating requests and messages are sent via this channel.

The base ID information mentioned above is used to identify a base station or a terminal usage limiting apparatus. The information is a PN code offset applied to the target base stations or the terminal usage limiting apparatuses when a message is sent via the pilot channel. The PN code offset is a time delay from a system standard clock, and it denotes a start timing of a code. This PN code offset differs among the base stations.

Fig.2 shows a block diagram illustrating a preferred embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is provided with an antenna device 201 for sending a radio signal; an RF device 202; a pilot channel modulator 203 for modulating a pilot signal to a radio signal and sending the radio signal to the RF device 202; a paging channel modulator 204 for modulating control messages sent via the paging channel to a radio signal and sending the radio signal to the RF device 202; a sending controller 205 for controlling sending of both pilot signal and control messages; a message generator for generating control messages and commanding the sending/receiving controller 205 to send the messages; and a controller (CPU) 207 including the message generator 206.

The pilot channel modulator 203 and the paging channel modulator 204 are used for spreading-modulation

respectively with at least one spread code. For example, both of the modulators 203 and 204 assign the same spread code to identify a general radio base station as well as the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105. Another example is that both of the modulators 203 and 204 use a spread code set to each channel for spreading-modulation. A predetermined PN code offset is applied to such a spread code at this time. To identify each channel, both of the modulators 203 and 204 use an orthogonal code, etc. In any cases, the spread code may be set as needed according to the standards of the mobile communication system of the present invention when the terminal usage limiting apparatus is manufactured and/or installed.

Fig.3 shows the signal processing sequence in the preferred embodiment the operation of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 before the mobile terminal 101 moves into the usage limiting area 108 where the usage of the terminal 101 is limited. At first, when the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is installed at a usage-limited place, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 sends a pilot signal to the mobile terminal 101 via the pilot channel at a sufficiently strong level to cover the entire area of the limiting area 108. In other words, the power of the pilot channel for sending the pilot signal is enough only to enable the mobile terminal 101 in the area

108 to be switched to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105. This switch is termed as idle handoff. Concretely, the sending power value is decided with respect to the sending power value of the base station around the  
5 installation area. The idle handoff means switching a base station that waits for terminating to another at a non-talking time. It is different from switching a base station to another at a talking time. The pilot channel signal from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is  
10 also referred to as a handoff prompt signal since it prompts the mobile terminal 101 to be autonomously switched to another base station (handoff).

Because the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 looks like an ordinary base station to the mobile  
15 terminal 101, the idle handoff operation of the mobile terminal 101 becomes the same as the usual idle handoff from a base station to another. The base station 102 sends control messages to the mobile terminal 101 via the paging channel at a step 601. At time  $t_0$ , the mobile terminal 101  
20 receives various control messages 602 from the base station 102 via the paging channel, thereby it is synchronized with the mobile communication system. Concretely, the mobile terminal 101 is switched to the base station 102 (idle handoff) so that the mobile terminal 101 transmits and  
25 receives call originations via the base station 102.

Synchronization with the mobile communication system means a state in which the mobile terminal 101 comes into a service area from an outside service area so that it can receive messages from the base station or the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105.

The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 lets the pilot channel modulator 203 spreading-modulate a pilot channel with use of a spread code having a Pilot PN offset that is different from those of neighboring base stations for generating a pilot signal. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 then converts the signal frequency to a radio frequency in the RF device 202 so as to send it from the antenna device 201 via pilot channel at a step 604. In addition, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 spreading-modulates pseudo control messages at a step 607 that have been generated by the message generator 206 in the paging channel modulator 204, then converts the message frequency to a radio frequency in the RF device 202 so as to send it from the antenna device 201.

The mobile terminal 101 searches the pilot channels of the neighboring base stations and the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 and measures the strength of each pilot channel, subsequently, the mobile terminal 101 moves in the direction indicated by the vertical arrow towards the point of time t1 when the mobile terminal 101

is in an usage limited area in a step 603. The mobile terminal 101 detects that the pilot channel from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is stronger than those of other neighbor base stations 102 at a step 605.

5 Because the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 looks like a base station from the mobile terminal 101, the mobile terminal 101 is switched to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 (idle handoff) upon the detection of the pilot channel with the electrical field that is stronger than that

10 of neighboring base stations at a step 606. In this state 608, the mobile terminal 101 is synchronized with the mobile communication system by receiving pseudo control messages from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105.

Next, the mobile terminal 101, receiving an

15 originating request from a user in a step 609, sends an originating message to the user via the access channel in a step 610, but the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 ignores the message in the access channel in a step 611. The mobile terminal 101 cannot thus receive the

20 acknowledgement to the message. Consequently, the mobile terminal 101 fails to access the base station and becomes limited in originating a call in a step 612.

There are some other method for ignoring the access channel. For example, one of the methods is to avoid

25 any access channel demodulator in the terminal usage

limiting apparatus 105. Another method is to suppress actual demodulation by an access channel decoder if it is formed in the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 or compose the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105. If an  
5 originating message is demodulated, the access channel demodulator is reset to the normal terminal limit mode thereafter.

The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 also limits terminating messages to the mobile terminal 101 from  
10 a base station. In this state, the mobile terminal 101 is switched to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 (idle handoff). At this time, the mobile terminal 101 identifies the spread code which is used by the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 based upon the pilot channel signal which is  
15 also sent from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 and sets this spread code in the paging channel spreading demodulator.

The mobile terminal 101, because a spread code is different from that of the base station 102 cannot  
20 back-spreading-modulate the paging channel of the base station 102 at the step 612. This is due to a technical concept that limits terminating by making the most use of the characteristics of the mobile terminal 101, which receives messages only from a base station to which the  
25 mobile terminal 101 is switched (idle handoff). According



to this method of limiting the use of mobile terminals, it does not need to modify the mobile terminal.

(Embodiment 2)

Fig.4 is another block diagram illustrating a second preferred embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105A according to the current invention. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105A in this embodiment is provided with a function for receiving the access channel signal in addition to the function for outputting both pilot and paging channel signals. In this embodiment, if the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105A is accessed by a mobile terminal, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105A returns a rejection message to the mobile terminal, thereby limiting the mobile terminal usage. This method can also limit existing mobile terminals in usage.

In Fig.4, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105A is provided with an access channel demodulator 305 for demodulating the radio signal of the access channel received from the RF device 202; a sending/receiving controller 306 for controlling sending of the pilot signal and the control messages in the paging channel and receiving of control messages in the access channel; and a controller (CPU) 207. The controller 207 includes a message analyzer 307 for analyzing output messages from the sending/receiving controller 306; and a message generator

308 for generating a rejection message and directing the sending/receiving controller 306 to send the message if directed by the message analyzer 307 to return the rejection message.

5                    Fig.5 shows a signal sequence executed by the second preferred embodiment. The same items as those in the sequence shown in Fig.3 will be omitted here to simplify the description. At first, receiving an originating request from a user at a step 609, the mobile terminal 101  
10 starts sending of a message via the access channel in a step 610. The sending/receiving controller 306 directs the access channel demodulator 305 to demodulate the access channel signal sent from the mobile terminal 101, extracts the message, and sends the extracted message to the message  
15 analyzer 307. Deciding the message from the mobile terminal 101 to be a call origination message, the message analyzer 307 directs the message generator 308 to generate a rejection message in a step 701. The message generator 308, finishing the generation of the rejection message according  
20 to the command from the message analyzer 307, outputs the rejection message to the sending/receiving controller 306. The sending/receiving controller 306 spreading-modulates the rejection message in the page channel modulator 204, thereby generating a paging channel signal to convert the  
25 frequency of the message in the RF device 202 and sends the

result to the mobile terminal 101 via the antenna device 201 in a step 702. Consequently, the use of the mobile terminal 101 is limited.

And, because the mobile terminal 101 receives  
5 control messages from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105A with use of the spread code of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105A, the terminal 101 cannot receive messages via the paging channel from the base station, thereby it is also limited in receiving calls. This method  
10 also requires no special modification to the mobile terminal.

(Embodiment 3)

Fig.6 is a still another block diagram of a third preferred embodiment of the terminal usage limiting  
15 apparatus 105B according to the present invention. In the third preferred embodiment, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105B is provided with a non-limited phone number memory 409 for storing a list of phone numbers including emergency ones; and an neighbor base station pilot PN memory  
20 412 that is referenced by a handoff directing device 410 to decide a target base station for the handoff operation. The phone number memory 409 is provided alternatively in the mobile terminal. The controller 207 is provided with a message analyzer 407 for analyzing a message in response  
25 to a command received from the sending/receiving controller

306; an emergency call deciding device 408 for deciding whether or not an emergency call indicator is set in a received message if the message is an originating one. The emergency call deciding device 408 also decides whether or not a received message is an emergency call according to whether or not the receiver number in the received originating message is listed in the non-limited phone number memory. The controller 207 further includes a handoff directing device 410 for switching the mobile terminal (handoff) to a normal neighbor base station if the emergency call deciding device 408 decides that the call is an emergency call; and a message generator 411 for generating a message and directing the sending/receiving controller 306 to send the message.

15           An emergency index means information stored in the emergency call indicator field in an originating message. The information denotes whether or not the received call is an emergency call. For example, for a normal call, "0" may be set in the field and for an emergency call, "1" may be set in the field.

Fig.7 is a block diagram illustrating a corresponding preferred embodiment of the mobile terminal 101 for the third preferred embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105B according to the current invention.

25   The mobile terminal 101B is provided with an antenna device

501 for sending/receiving a radio signal; an RF device 502 for converting the frequency of a signal; a pilot channel demodulator 503 for demodulating the signal in the pilot channel; a paging channel demodulator 504 for demodulating the radio signal in the paging channel; an access channel modulator 505 for modulating control messages to be sent via the access channel to radio signals and sending the signals to the RF device 502; a pilot strength measuring device 506 for measuring the strength of the received pilot signal; a sending/receiving controller 507 for controlling sending/receiving of messages; a non-limited phone number memory 513 for storing unrestricted phone numbers such as emergency and a controller (CPU) 514.

The controller or CPU 514 is provided with a handoff deciding device 508 for deciding whether or not to switch (handoff) a target mobile terminal to the object according to the pilot strength measured by the pilot strength measuring device 506; a message analyzer 509 for analyzing messages received from the sending/receiving controller 507; and a transmitter stop directing device 510 for directing the sending/receiving controller to stop the transmitter if the message analyzed by the message analyzer 509 is a usage limit message. The controller 514 further includes a message generator 511 for generating messages including originating messages; and an emergency call

deciding device 512 for deciding whether or not a dialed  
phone number is an unrestricted phone number such as an  
emergency number as stored in the non-limited phone number  
memory 513 as well as for directing the message generator  
5 so as to generate an originating message in which an  
emergency call indicator is set for emergency. Both the  
unrestricted phone number memory 513 and the emergency  
deciding device 512 is alternatively included in the  
terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 in lieu of the mobile  
10 terminal 101. The transmitter mentioned above is a part  
of the mobile terminal 101 and is located between the RF  
device 502 and the sending/receiving controller 507 that  
are related to sending signals. On the other hand, the  
receiver means is also a part of the mobile terminal 101  
15 and is located between the RF device 502 and the  
sending/receiving controller 507 that are related to  
receiving signals in Fig.7.

Fig.8 shows a sequence of signals sent or  
received among a base station, a mobile terminal, and a  
20 terminal usage limiting apparatus and their associated  
operations. The base station 102 sends control messages  
via the paging channel at a step 801. The mobile terminal  
101B searches the pilot channels from neighboring base  
stations at proper cycles, and the pilot strength measuring  
25 device 506 measures each pilot channel strength. At time

t0, the mobile terminal 101B receives a signal via the paging channel from the base station and converts the signal frequency in the RF device 502. Then, the paging channel demodulator 504 back-spreading-demodulates the signal, and  
5 the mobile terminal 101B receives control messages from the base station in a step 802. The mobile terminal 101B is synchronized with the base station 102 in the mobile communication system according to these control messages. Thereby the mobile terminal 101B communicates freely with  
10 other mobile terminals via the base station 102.

On the other hand, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 sends a pilot signal including a pilot offset that is different from those of the pilot signals from the neighboring base stations in a step 804. The mobile  
15 terminal 101B moves in the direction of the vertical arrow, and the pilot strength measuring device 506 detects the sufficiently detectable pilot signal from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 in a step 805. Upon detecting the pilot channel with a strong electrical field, the  
20 handoff deciding device 508 decides to switch the target mobile terminal 101 (idle handoff) to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 in a step 806.

The message generator 411 generates a usage limit message for limiting the usage of the mobile terminal  
25 101B. The usage limit message is a so-called command signal

for inhibiting the transmission from the mobile terminal 101B. A command signal may also be added to the usage limit message so as to direct the receiver of the mobile terminal 101B to receive messages at longer-than-usual intervals.

5 This enables the mobile terminal 101B to reduce redundant operations to save the power consumption.

The sending/receiving controller 306 outputs a usage limit message to the page channel modulator 204, and the page channel modulator 204 spreading-modulates the usage

10 limit message to generate a paging channel message. The generated paging channel message is sent out via both the RF device 202 and the antenna device 201 in a step 807.

The sending/receiving controller 507 of the mobile terminal 101B receives a usage limit message from the

15 terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 and sends the message to the message analyzer 509. When the message analyzer 509 decides the message to be a sending stop command, the message analyzer 509 directs the transmitter stop directing device 510 to stop the transmission. The transmitter

20 mentioned here denotes mainly a channel modulator. The transmitter stop directing device 510 directs the sending/receiving controller 507 to stop the transmission. The sending/receiving controller 507 thus enters the sending limit mode in a step 808. The mobile terminal 101B

25 displays a message denoting that the present place is within



the usage limiting area or the restricted area on the display screen in a step 809.

If the message analyzer 509 decides the message to be an intermittent operation command to the receiver, the message generator 511 directs the sending/receiving controller 507 so as to set longer intervals for the receiver to wait for messages. The receiver mentioned here means mainly a channel demodulator.

Fig.9 shows an example of displaying a message when a target mobile terminal 901 is within a usage limiting area. The mobile terminal 901, when moving into the usage limiting area and receiving a usage limit message from a terminal usage limiting apparatus, displays a message such as "You are now within a usage limiting area", etc. on the screen. Instead of such a display, the message is alternatively an audible voice message. If the mobile terminal 901 is provided with a vibrator for notifying of the disabled calls, the message arrival is notified with a predetermined type of vibration. In this case, the vibration is distinguished from that of normal calls so that the user is now within a usage limiting area.

Referring back to Figure 8, the page channel modulator 204 of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 spreading-modulates pseudo control messages in the message generator 411. The page channel message is sent from the

antenna 201 in a step 810. Whenever the mobile terminal 101B is in the limited or restricted operation mode, the transmitter is disabled. Thus, the mobile terminal 101B does not send out an originating message in response to any  
5 call request from users except for the emergency calls as described below. Even in the restricted state, the receiver keeps receiving pseudo control messages 810 from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 as shown in a step 811. Consequently, the mobile terminal 101B is kept  
10 synchronized with the mobile communication system so as to allow emergency calls any time.

Furthermore, because the mobile terminal 101B receives control messages from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105, the mobile terminal 101B is designed to limit  
15 incoming calls without terminating messages via the paging channel from the base station 102. In addition, if the mobile terminal 101B leaves the usage limiting area, the mobile terminal 101B is switched (handoff) to a normal base station and returns to the normal operation mode. According  
20 to this method, the mobile terminal 101B must be modified, but the mobile terminal can be limited completely in sending messages.

(Embodiment 4)

In a fourth preferred embodiment, even when the mobile  
25 terminal is within a usage limiting area, the terminal is

enabled for specific communications. This is to enable emergency calling, etc. even while the terminal is limited in usage. Fig.10 shows an unrestricted phone number list 1001 stored in the mobile terminal or in the terminal usage limiting apparatus. This table enables call originations for the stored numbers even when the mobile terminal is within a usage limiting area. The non-limited or unrestricted phone number list 1001 stores phone numbers for emergency calling such as those of the police station, the fire station, etc.

Fig.11 shows a sequence for a call origination for a non-limited phone number when the non-limited phone number list 1001 is stored in a mobile terminal 101B as shown in Fig. 7. The mobile terminal 101B is now in the operation limit mode so that it cannot make normal call originations. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 sends pseudo control messages to the mobile terminal 101B periodically in a step 1101. The mobile terminal 101B is thus synchronized with the mobile communication system by receiving those pseudo control messages in a step or state 1102.

At first, if a user dials an emergency phone number in a step 1103, the emergency call deciding device 512 analyzes the dialed number by comparing it with the numbers in the non-limited phone number list 1001 stored in the

non-limited phone number memory 513 in a step 1104. In this case, assuming that the dialed number is included in the non-limited phone number list 1001 stored in the non-limited phone number memory 513, the emergency call  
5 deciding device 512 recognizes it as an emergency call and directs the message generator 511 to generate a message in which an emergency call indicator is set in a step 1105.

Still referring to Fig. 11, the message generator 511 thus generates a message with an emergency call indicator  
10 and requests the sending/receiving controller 507 to send the message. The sending/receiving controller 507 then activates the transmitter so as to send the originating message to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 via the access channel modulator 505 in a step 1106.

15 The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 detects the emergency call indicator in the originating message that is received at the message analyzer 407 via the access channel demodulator 405 and accepts the emergency call in a step 1107. The handoff directing device 410 selects the  
20 base station 102 that directs handoff from the neighboring base station pilot PN memory that holds neighboring base station information in a step 1108. Usually, the handoff directing device 410 selects a base station with the strongest receiving power pilot channel. The message  
25 generator 411 then generates a handoff message for

emergency calling so as to command an emergency call handoff. This message includes a pilot PN sequence offset of the base station to which the mobile terminal 101 is switched (handoff). The emergency call handoff message is  
5 spreading-modulated in the paging channel modulator 204 and is then sent to the mobile terminal 101B via the antenna device 201 in a step 1109.

Receiving the emergency call handoff message in the message analyzer 509 via the paging channel demodulator  
10 504, the mobile terminal 101B is switched (handoff) to the base station having the pilot PN sequence offset specified by this message in a step 1110. Concretely, the mobile terminal 101B sets the pilot PN sequence offset that is specified by the message in the pilot channel demodulator  
15 as a spread code for spreading-modulation.

After the handoff operation, the mobile terminal 101B receives a control message from the base station 102 so as to finish updating of the control message held therein, the mobile terminal 101B enters the enabled state for  
20 communications with the base station in both originating and terminating in steps 1111 and 1112. Next, the message generator 511 generates an originating message including the previously dialed number so as to make an emergency call again in a step 1113. The access channel modulator 505 then  
25 spreading-modulates the message. The RF device 502

converts the message frequency as needed and sends the message out in a step 1114. Hereafter, the call setting procedure is the same as that of the normal call.

Fig.12 shows a sequence for making a call of a  
5 non-limited phone number when the non-limited phone number list is stored in the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105B as shown in Fig.6. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105B periodically outputs pseudo control messages to the mobile terminal in a step 1201. The mobile terminal 101  
10 is synchronized with the mobile communication system by receiving those pseudo control messages in a step 1202. Assume now that a user dials an emergency call number in a step 1203, the message generator 511 of the mobile terminal 101 then generates an originating message and  
15 directs the sending/receiving controller 507 to send the message. The sending/receiving controller 507 sends the message to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 via the access channel modulator 505 in a step 1204. On the other hand, the message analyzer 407 of the terminal usage  
20 limiting apparatus 105B that has received the originating message via the access channel demodulator 405 passes the dialed number in the originating message to the emergency call deciding device 408. The emergency call deciding device 408 then analyzes the dialed number in a step 1205  
25 and compares it with the non-limited phone number list

stored in the non-limited phone number memory 409 in a step 1206. In this case, assuming that the dialed number is included in the non-limited phone number list stored in the non-limited phone number memory 409, the emergency call  
5 deciding device 408 recognizes the call as an emergency one and notifies the effect to the handoff directing device 410. The handoff directing device 410 then selects a base station to which the handoff is directed in a step 1207 from the neighboring/adjacent base station pilot PN memory 412 that  
10 holds neighbor base station information. The message generator 411 then generates an emergency call handoff message denoting a pilot PN sequence offset of the base station for an emergency call handoff and directs the sending/receiving controller 406 to send the message. The  
15 sending/receiving controller 406 then sends the emergency call handoff message to the mobile terminal 101 via the paging channel modulator 404 in a step 1208. On the contrary, receiving the emergency call handoff message at the message analyzer 509 via the paging channel demodulator  
20 504, the mobile terminal 101 is switched (handoff) to the base station having the pilot PN sequence offset that is specified by the message in a step 1209. After the handoff, the mobile terminal 101 receives control messages from the base station 102 in steps 1210, 1211. After updating all  
25 the control messages, the message generator 511 generates

an originating message including the previously dialed number in a step 1212. The RF device 202 converts the message frequency as needed and sends the message to the base station 102 in a step 1213. Hereafter, the call setting  
5 procedure is the same as a usual call.

Next, the operation of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 of the present invention will be described with reference to Fig.13. When the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is installed in the usage limiting area 108,  
10 the mobile terminal 101 must be switched (handoff) to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 in the same way that the mobile terminal 101 is switched to a normal base station. Therefore, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 has a distinct code such as 111 that is different from  
15 those of the neighbor base stations to distinguish the pilot signal in a step 1301. This code may be established when the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is manufactured or installed. The code of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is also established by taking the neighbor  
20 base stations into consideration.

After that, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 stores system parameters and configuration information of the neighbor base stations that are used to send control messages and accept emergency calls in a step 1302. The  
25 terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 then sends the pilot



signal to which the set 111 is applied in a step 1303. In addition, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 periodically sends both control messages and usage limit messages to the broadcast addresses via the paging channel

5 in a step 1304. A receiving system, when receiving a message in a step 1305, decides whether or not it is an originating message in a step 1306. If it is not an originating message, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 sends a usage limit message or a rejection message to the target mobile

10 terminal in a step 1307. If it is an originating message, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 analyzes the dialed number in a step 1308. This processing is equivalent to the analysis of an emergency call indicator when the non-limited phone number list is held in the mobile terminal

15 101. The number obtained as a result of this number analysis is then compared with the numbers in the non-limited phone number list in a step 1309. If the call is decided not to be an emergency call as a result of the comparison, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 sends a usage limit

20 message or rejection message to the target mobile terminal in a step 1310. If the call is determined to be an emergency call, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 selects a base station to which the target mobile terminal 101 is to be switched according to the neighbor base station

25 information in a step 1311. Then, the terminal usage

limiting apparatus 105 sends an emergency call handoff message to the target mobile terminator in a step 1312.

(Embodiment 5)

Fig.14 is a block diagram illustrating a fifth preferred embodiment of the mobile communication system according to the current invention. The same items as those shown in Fig.1 will not be described here to avoid redundant description. Each base station sends signals via both pilot channel 1410 and paging channel 1411. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C sends signals via both pilot channel 2404 and paging channel 2407 or 2410. The paging channel is divided into two types; one paging channel 2410 is for sending pseudo control messages and the other paging channel 2407 is for sending usage limit messages. For an emergency call, the mobile terminal 101 is switched via handoff 1420 to a target base station from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C.

A pseudo control message means system information that is commonly sent to a plurality of mobile terminals via the paging channel. It includes various information such as a system ID, a network ID, a registered zone ID, base station latitude/longitude information, and etc. The format of the pseudo control message is the same as that of the control messages that is sent from each base station

so that each mobile terminal presumes a terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 as a base station.

Fig.15 is a block diagram illustrating the fifth preferred embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C according to the current invention. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C is provided with an antenna device 1501 for sending/receiving radio signals to/from mobile terminals and the base station; an RF device 1502 for converting the frequency of each signal; a pilot channel demodulator 1503 for demodulating the pilot channel signal received from the base station; and a paging channel demodulator 1504 for demodulating the paging signal received from the base station. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C further includes a pilot channel modulator 1505 for modulating the pilot information of a terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C to a radio signal and for sending the signal to the RF device 1502; a paging channel modulator 1506 for modulating paging channel information of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C to a radio signal and sending the signal to the RF device 1502; an access channel demodulator 1507 for demodulating the access channel signal from each mobile terminal; a pilot strength measuring device 1508 for measuring the strength of the pilot signal received from the base station and updating the table of the neighbor base station information memory

1517 as needed; a sending/receiving controller 1509 for  
controlling sending/receiving of the pilot channel, the  
paging channel, and the access channel; a controller (CPU)  
1518; a non-limited or unrestricted phone number memory  
5 1516 for storing a list of numbers including emergency call  
numbers; and an neighbor base station information memory  
1517 for storing neighbor base station information analyzed  
by the message analyzer 1511. In an alternative embodiment,  
the unrestricted phone number memory 1506 is provided in  
10 a mobile terminal.

Additionally, the controller 1518 further includes an  
idle handoff deciding device 1510 for deciding whether to  
execute an idle handoff operation according to the pilot  
strength measured by the pilot strength measuring device  
15 1508 and the neighbor base station information stored in  
the neighbor base station information memory 1517; a  
message analyzer 1511 for analyzing messages received from  
the sending/receiving controller 1509; and an emergency  
call deciding device 1512 for deciding whether or not an  
20 received call is an emergency call according to an emergency  
call indicator in the received message and for deciding  
whether or not the receiver phone number in the received  
message is enlisted in the non-limited phone number memory  
1516. The controller 1518 also further includes a handoff  
25 directing device 1513 for selecting the base station for

a handoff operation from the list of the neighbor base stations in the neighbor base station information memory and for directing the target mobile terminal to be switched (handoff) to another base station when the emergency call  
5 deciding device 1512 determines that a received call is an emergency one; a message generator 1514 for generating a message and for commanding the sending/receiving controller 1509 to send the message; and a self-station pilot PN deciding device 1515 for deciding a pilot PN  
10 sequence offset of the terminal usage limiting apparatus as a pilot PN sequence offset that is different from those of the neighbor base stations based upon the neighbor base station information memory 1517.

Fig.16 shows a block diagram of a fifth  
15 preferred embodiment of the mobile terminal 101C according to the current invention. The mobile terminal 101C is provided with an antenna device 1601; an RF device 1602; a pilot channel demodulator 1603 for demodulating the pilot signals from a base station and a terminal usage limiting  
20 apparatus; a paging channel demodulator 1604 for demodulating the paging channel signals from the base station and the terminal usage limiting apparatus; an access channel modulator 1605 for modulating a control message sent via the access channel to a radio signal and  
25 for sending the signal to the RF device 1602; and a traffic

channel demodulator 1606 for demodulating the down traffic  
channel signal from the base station. The mobile terminal  
101C further includes a traffic channel modulator 1607 for  
modulating data and control messages sent via the  
5 up-traffic channel to radio signals and for sending the  
signals to the RF device 1602; a pilot strength measuring  
device 1608 for measuring the pilot strength from a received  
pilot signal; a sending/receiving controller 1609 for  
controlling to send or receive signals; a non-limited phone  
10 number memory 1615 for storing emergency and other phone  
numbers that are excluded from the usage limitation; and  
a controller (CPU) 1616.

Furthermore, the controller (CPU) 1616 includes a  
handoff deciding device 1610 for deciding whether or not  
15 to execute a handoff operation according to the pilot  
strength measured by the pilot strength measuring device  
1608; a message analyzer 1611 for analyzing messages  
received from the sending/receiving controller 1609; a  
transmitter stop directing device 1612 for directing the  
20 sending/receiving controller 1609 to stop the transmission  
when a message that is analyzed by the message analyzer 1611  
is a usage limit message; a message generator 1613 for  
generating messages; and an emergency call deciding device  
1614 for deciding whether or not a dialed phone number is  
25 such a non-limited phone number for an emergency call based

upon the non-limited phone number memory and for directing the message generator 1613 to generate an originating message with an emergency call indicator for indicating a non-limited phone number. The emergency call deciding device 1614 and the non-limited number memory 1615 is included in an alternative embodiment of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C. In that case, the mobile terminal 101 sends originating messages and the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C decides whether or not the messages are emergency ones.

Still referring to Fig. 14, a description will be made with respect to certain steps in Fig. 8, for an operation of the mobile terminal 101C when the mobile terminal 101C moves into a usage limiting area 108 such as a train or bus where the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C from a normal service area 106. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C is installed in a train or bus and sends out a pilot signal with a pilot strength enough to cover the usage limiting area 18 such as a train or a bus. The pilot channel for sending this pilot signal is spreading-modulated with a Pilot PN offset that is different from those of the neighbor base stations by the pilot channel modulator 1505. The pilot channel signal is sent from the RF device 1502 and the antenna device 1501 in the step 804. This pilot channel signal is assumed as

a special signal that can distinguish the terminal usage limiting apparatus from the base station. Based upon the distinction, the target mobile terminal 101 is switched or handed off to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C.

5       The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C generates paging channel messages by spreading-modulating the pseudo control messages generated by the message generator 1514 in the paging channel modulator 1506 so that the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C itself appears to be a base  
10       station for the mobile terminal 101, thereby sending the messages to the mobile terminal 101 in the step 810.

      The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C generates a usage limit message in the message generator 1514, spreading-modulates the message in the paging channel  
15       modulator 1506, and then sends the message to the mobile terminal 101 so as to limit the mobile terminal 101C in usage in the step 807.

      On the other hand, the base station 102 sends control messages to the mobile terminal 101C via the paging channel  
20       in the step 801. At time  $t_0$ , the mobile terminal 101C receives various control messages from the base station 102 in the paging channel via the paging channel demodulator 1604 in the step 802 so that the mobile terminal 101C is synchronized with the mobile communication system. In this  
25       state, the mobile terminal 101C is free to communicate with



other mobile terminals via the base station 102. After that, the mobile terminal 101C moves in the direction of the vertical arrow. Upon reaching the point of time t1, the pilot strength measuring device 1608 detects the pilot  
5 channel signal of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C as a strong electric field pilot signal in a step 805. This detection is notified to the handoff deciding device 1610.

Notified of the strong electric field pilot signal,  
10 the handoff deciding device 1610 decides switching of the mobile terminal 101 (idle handoff) to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C in a step 806. After the idle handoff operation is executed, the mobile terminal 101C receives a paging channel message from the terminal usage  
15 limiting apparatus 105C and back-spreading-modulates the message in the paging channel demodulator 1604 and sends the demodulated usage limit message to the message analyzer 1611 in a step 807.

The message analyzer 1611 analyzes the message. If  
20 deciding the message to be a usage limit one, the message analyzer 1611 directs the transmitter stop directing device 1612 to stop the transmitter. The transmitter stop directing device 1612 then directs the sending/receiving controller 1609 to stop the transmission, and the  
25 sending/receiving controller 1609 then enters into the

operation limit mode in a step 808. In the mobile terminal 101C in the operation limit mode, the transmitter is disabled. Thus, the mobile terminal 101C never sends any originating message even when a user requests a call origination. However, the mobile terminal 101C can make emergency calls even in this state. An originating processing for an emergency phone number will be described later.

The mobile terminal 101C notifies the user that it is now in a usage limiting area via a message displayed on the screen and sets in the operation limit mode in a step 809. Fig.9 shows how such a message is displayed on the screen of the mobile terminal. Furthermore, referring back to Figs.8, 14 and 16, the mobile terminal 101C receives a signal from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C with a long code mask corresponding to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C. Because the mobile terminal 101C receives no message via the paging channel from base stations 102 and 103 whose long code masks are different from that of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C, the mobile terminal 101C is also limited in terminating messages.

The mobile terminal 101C maintains its receiver for operation even in the operation limit mode so as to receive pseudo control messages from the terminal usage limiting

apparatus 105C at the message analyzer 1611 via the paging channel demodulator 1604 in a step 811. Thus, the mobile terminal 101C is synchronized with the mobile communication system.

5           Consequently, the mobile terminal 101C makes emergency calls any time as to be described later. If the mobile terminal 101C leaves the usage limiting area 108, the mobile terminal is switched to the base station at an idle time (idle handoff) and it does not receive usage limit  
10       messages at the message analyzer 1611 for a certain time, thereby returning to the normal operation mode.

(Embodiment 6)

          In a sixth preferred embodiment, it is intended to limit the usage of the mobile terminal 101D in moving  
15       objects such as trains, cars, aircrafts, etc. In this case, not only the mobile terminal 101D, but also the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D moves together with the moving object. Therefore, it should be carefully avoided that the moving terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D  
20       adversely affects the neighboring base station during the movement. Fig.17 shows how the mobile terminal 101D is switched (idle handoff) to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105. At this time, the mobile terminal is located on a train in which the terminal usage limiting apparatus  
25       105 is installed. Hereunder, with reference to Figs.17 and

18, a description will be provided for a processing while the mobile terminal 101 and the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 are moving from a base station 102 to another 103 together with the train.

5           When the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D moves together with a moving object, much care should be paid so that a Pilot PN offset is set so as not to adversely affect the neighbor base stations. In order to automatically determine its own Pilot PN offset, the terminal usage  
10 limiting apparatus 105D should know the Pilot PN offsets of the neighbor base stations. If this is automatically done, the user will be able to save labor to set it by himself or herself when the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D is installed.

15           In Fig.17, the base station 102 sends a pilot channel signal 1803 and a control message 1805 to the mobile terminal 101D at  $t=0$ . The base station 103 sends a pilot channel signal 1804 and a control message 1809 to the mobile terminal 101D at  $t=2$ . The terminal usage limiting apparatus  
20 105 sends a pilot channel signal 1812 and pseudo control messages 1802 and 1815 to the mobile terminal 101D respectively at  $t=0$  and  $t=2$ .

          Fig.18 shows a message sequence that is executed by the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D, the base  
25 stations 102, 103, and the mobile terminal 101D. With

respect to Fig.15, certain steps of the operations of both mobile terminal 101D and terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D are described. At first, the mobile terminal 101D is in the use limit mode in a step 1801 and receives pseudo  
5 control messages that are continuously sent from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D at the message analyzer 1611 via the paging channel demodulator 1604 in a step 1802. In the usage limit mode, the transmitter of the mobile terminal 101D is disabled.

10 The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D receives pilot signals from such neighbor base stations 102 and 103 via the pilot channel demodulator 1503 in steps 1803, 1804. The pilot strength measuring device 1508 measures the strength of each pilot signal and stores the measurement  
15 result (pilot strength) in the neighbor base station information memory 1517. In addition, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D receives control messages from the base station 102 at the message analyzer 1511 via the paging channel demodulator 1504 in a step 1805 and stores the  
20 neighbor base station information including neighbor base station pilot PN information from the received message in the neighbor base station information memory 1517. Fig.19 shows an example of the neighbor base station information table 1901 stored in the neighbor base station information  
25 memory 1517.

Referring back to Fig.18, when the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D and the mobile terminal 101D reach the point of time t1 together in a step 1806, the pilot strength measuring device 1508 of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D detects the pilot channel signal from the base station 103 as a strong electric field pilot signal in a step 1807 and stores the pilot strength in the neighbor base station information table 1901 of the neighbor base station information memory 1517. In  
10 executing the handoff operation in a step 1808, the idle handoff deciding device 1510 decides to switch the base station 102 (idle handoff) to the base station 103 as a result of reference to the neighbor base station information table 1901 of the neighbor base station  
15 information memory 1517 and also switches the code mask to a long code mask corresponding to the base station 103. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D thus receives control messages from the base station 103 at the message analyzer 1511 via the paging channel demodulator 1504 in  
20 a step 1809, then updates the neighbor base station information in a step 1810 and stores the updated information in the neighbor base station information table 1801 of the neighbor base station information memory 1517.

Next, the self-station pilot PN deciding device 1515  
25 selects a unique pilot PN sequence offset with respect to

the neighbor base station information table 1901 of the neighbor base station information memory 1517 to avoid a duplicate of the pilot PN sequence offsets of the neighbor base stations. For example, the device 1515 selects base station AAA that is not used by any neighbor base stations as a unique pilot PN sequence offset from the neighbor base station information table 1901 as shown in Fig.19. The self-station pilot PN deciding device 1515 directs both the message generator 1511 and the sending/receiving controller 1509 so as to switch the pilot PN sequence offset of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D to the selected pilot PN sequence offset respectively in a step 1811.

The sending/receiving controller 1509 directs the pilot channel modulator 1505 so as to generate a pilot channel signal based upon the newly decided pilot PN sequence offset. The pilot channel signal generated by the pilot channel modulator 1505 is sent via the RF device 1502 and antenna device 1501 in a step 1812. The pilot strength measuring device 1608 of the mobile terminal 101D detects the pilot channel signal having the new pilot PN sequence offset from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 as a strong electrical field pilot channel signal in a step 1813. Upon detection, the handoff deciding device 1610 determines a switch (idle handoff) to the new pilot PN

sequence offset of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D and directs the sending controller 1609 to execute the switching (idle handoff) to the new pilot PN sequence offset. The sending controller 1609 directs both the  
5 modulator and the demodulator of each channel to respectively modulate and demodulate the channel with the new pilot PN sequence offset in a step 1814. This processing switches the pilot PN, but the mobile terminal 101D still remains in the handoff state to the terminal usage limiting  
10 apparatus 105D.

Even in this state, the mobile terminal 101D receives pseudo control messages including usage limit messages from the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105D at the message analyzer 1611 via the paging channel demodulator 1604 so  
15 as to maintain the use limit mode.

(Embodiment 7)

Next, a description will be made for an emergency call made when the mobile terminal 10 located in a terminal usage limiting area such as a train, bus, or the like is limited  
20 in usage with reference to Figs.15, 16 and 20. It is assumed that, a user makes an emergency call at time t2 as shown in Fig.17. The emergency phone number list shown in Fig.10 is assumed to be in the non-limited phone number memory 1516 in the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105. As described  
25 above, in Fig.10, reference numeral 1001 denotes a



non-limited phone number list that is stored either in a mobile terminal or in a terminal usage limiting apparatus so as to overcome the usage limit of the mobile terminal in an emergency, etc. according to the present invention.

- 5 This table contains certain unrestricted numbers that enable call originations even when the mobile terminal is within a usage limiting area. The non-limited phone number list 1001 is preferably held in the non-limited phone number memory 1516 in a mobile terminal 101C so as to minimize the
- 10 modification to the currently available mobile terminals. In the seventh embodiment, therefore, a description will be provided on the assumption that the non-limited phone number list 1001 is held in the non-limited phone number memory 1516 of a terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C.
- 15 If the non-limited phone number list 1001 is held in the non-limited phone number memory 1615 in a mobile terminal 1010, each dialed number is analyzed in the mobile terminal, and it is also decided whether or not to output a message.

Now referring to Fig.20, at time t2, the mobile

20 terminal 101 is set in the operation or usage limit mode so that it cannot make normal call originations in a step 2001. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C generates pseudo control messages at the message generator 1514 and keeps sending them out via the paging channel modulator 1506

25 in a step 2002. Consequently, the mobile terminal 101C

receives those pseudo control messages at the message analyzer 1611 via the paging channel demodulator 1604 to be synchronized with the mobile communication system.

The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C keeps  
5 receiving pilot channel signals from neighbor base stations via the pilot channel demodulator 1503 in steps 2003, 2004. The pilot strength measuring device 1508 measures each pilot strength and stores the result or pilot strength in the neighbor base station information memory 1517 in a step  
10 2006.

At time t2, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C keeps receiving control messages from the base station 103 at the message analyzer 1511 via the paging channel demodulator 1504 and sets the received neighbor base  
15 station information of neighbor base stations such as pilot PN information in the neighbor base station information memory 1517 in a step 2006.

At first, a user dials an emergency number "119" in a step 2007. The mobile terminal 101C then generates an  
20 originating message at the message generator 1613 and directs the sending/receiving controller 1609 to send the message to the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C via the access channel modulator 1605 in a step 2008.

The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C receives  
25 the message at the message analyzer 1511 via the access

channel demodulator 1507. The emergency call deciding device 1512 then analyzes the dialed number of the received message to compare it with the numbers in the non-limited phone number list 1001 in the non-limited phone number memory 1516. Because the dial number "119" is included in the non-limited phone number list 1001, the emergency call deciding device 1512 decides that the call is an emergency in a step 2010 and notifies the handoff directing device 1513. The handoff directing device 1513 refers to the neighbor base station information table 1901 of the neighbor base station information memory 1517 to select the base station 103 with the strongest pilot strength in a step 2011 and directs the message generator 1514 to generate a handoff directing message which specifies the base station 103.

The message generator 1514 generates a handoff directing message specifying the pilot PN sequence offset of the base station 103 and directs the sending/receiving controller 1509 to send the message to the mobile terminal via the paging channel modulator 1506 in a step 2012. Upon receiving the handoff directing message, the mobile terminal 101 modulates the message at the access channel modulator 1605 using a long code mask which includes the specified pilot PN sequence offset and sends it again in a step 2013. In this case, the base station receives the

message, and the subsequent processings are substantially identical to those of normal call originations between the mobile terminal 101 and the base station 103.

Now referring to Fig.21, a description will be provided for an operation flow of a terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C according to the present invention. At first, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C keeps sending a pilot signal having a pilot PN sequence offset that is different from those of neighbor base stations in a step 2101. In addition, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105C keeps sending pseudo control messages and usage limit messages via the paging channel in a step 2102. Furthermore, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 keeps receiving pilot signals from neighbor base stations in a step 2103. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 measures and stores the pilot strength of each of those pilot signals. Furthermore, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 receives control messages from the present active (handoff) base station via the paging channel so as to store neighbor base station information.

Next, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 continuously decides the necessity to switch (handoff) the target mobile terminal to another base station which is different from the present active (handed off) base station based upon the pilot strength of each of the neighbor base

stations in a step 2105. When it is decided that switching (idle handoff) is necessary, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 switches the long code mask of the paging channel receiving system to that of the object base station in a step 2106 and switches (handoff) the mobile terminal to the base station so as to continue receiving the paging channel signal from the new base station in a step 2104.

After that, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 continuously decides the necessity to switch the pilot PN sequence offset of its pilot channel demodulator 1603 in a step 2107. If there is a neighbor base station that uses the same pilot PN sequence offset as that of the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 decides to switch its own pilot PN sequence offset to another in a step 2108. After this change, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 continuously sends a pilot signal having the new pilot PN sequence offset in a step 2101. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 repeats the above processings.

On the other hand, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 waits for messages received from mobile terminals via the access channel in a step 2109. Upon receiving an originating message, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 analyzes the dialed number in the originating message in a step 2110. If the call is decided

as non-emergency, the terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 sends a rejection message to the mobile terminal in a step 2112 so as to disable the call originations from the mobile terminal 101. If the call is decided as emergency, the  
5 terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 selects a hand-off base station with the strongest pilot signal as the target base station in a step 2113 and switches the mobile terminal 101 to the new base station decided in the step 2113. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 sends a handoff  
10 directing message to the mobile terminal to send the message again in a step 2114. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 then waits for the next message.

According to the present invention, therefore, it is possible to limit the use of mobile terminals such as  
15 portable telephones, etc. in making and receiving calls in certain predetermined static or dynamic areas, including movie theaters and trains. According to the present invention, it is also possible to receive or make certain predetermined specific calls even in the restricted areas.

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication, comprising:

5       a signal transmitter for transmitting a signal in a predetermined size of an area defining a restricted area where the use of the mobile terminal is restricted, the signal having a characteristics that is substantially indistinguishable from a predetermined characteristics of  
10   a base station; and

          a message generator connected to said signal transmitter for generating said signal which includes information identifying the terminal usage limiting apparatus.

15

2. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 1 wherein said message generator generates base station ID information and a pseudo control information message as  
20   said signal.

3. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 2 wherein said pseudo control information message includes

a handoff prompt signal indicative of a switch from the base station to the terminal usage limiting apparatus.

4. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use  
5 with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 1 wherein said message generator generates a first command signal for disabling transmission from the mobile terminal.

5. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use  
10 with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 1 wherein said message generator generates a second command signal indicative of a longer interval for receiving said signal at the mobile terminal.

6. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use  
15 with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 1 further comprising:

an access channel demodulator for demodulating a signal that is received from the mobile terminal; and  
20 a message analyzer connected to said access channel demodulator for analyzing the demodulated signal.

7. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 6  
25 wherein said message analyzer determined that the



demodulated signal is a call origination message, said message generator generates a rejection message in response to the call origination message.

- 5 8. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 6 further comprising:

a restricted phone number memory for storing a predetermined list of phone numbers that are allowed to call  
10 in the restricted area;

an emergency call deciding device connected to said message analyzer and said restricted phone number memory for determining whether or not a requested phone number is an emergency call by comparing the requested phone number  
15 to the predetermined list in response to a call origination message from said message analyzer; and

a hand-off directing device connected to said emergency call deciding device and said message generator for directing said message generator to generate an  
20 emergency call hand-off message in response to the emergency call, the emergency call hand-off message including base station ID information on an available base station.

9. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 8 wherein said message generator generates an emergency call again message indicative of repeating the emergency call  
5 to the mobile terminal.

10. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 1 wherein said message generator generates a usage limit  
10 message indicative of the limited use of the mobile terminal.

11. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 6  
15 further comprising:

an adjacent base station information memory unit for storing base unit information on base stations located near the terminal usage limiting apparatus; and

a self-station pilot PN deciding device connected to  
20 said adjacent base station information memory unit for determining a unique one of said signal which includes information identifying the terminal usage limiting apparatus based upon the base unit information.

12. The terminal usage limiting apparatus for temporary use with a mobile terminal communication according to claim 11 further comprising:

a pilot strength measuring device connected to said  
5 adjacent base station information memory unit for measuring the strength of a pilot signal and updating the base unit information; and

an idle hand-off deciding device connected to said adjacent base station information memory unit for  
10 determining whether or not to execute an idle handoff operation based upon the base unit information.

13. A mobile terminal for use in a restricted use area with a terminal usage limiting apparatus, comprising:

15 a receiver for receiving a signal for wireless communication;

a restricted phone number memory unit for storing a list of predetermined emergency numbers;

an emergency deciding device connected to said  
20 restricted phone number memory unit for determining whether or not a requested phone number is an emergency by comparing the requested phone number to the predetermined emergency numbers;

a message generator connected to said emergency  
25 deciding device for generating an emergency signal

indicative of emergency in response to said emergency deciding device; and

a transmitter connected to said message generator for transmitting said emergency signal.

5

14. The mobile terminal for use in a restricted use area according to claim 13 further comprising:

a message analyzer connected to said receiver for analyzing the signal that is received from the terminal usage limiting apparatus, the received signal including a transmitter disable message; and

a transmitter stop directing device connected to said message analyzer for disabling said transmitter in response to the transmitter disable message.

15

15. The mobile terminal for use in a restricted use area according to claim 13 further comprising:

a pilot strength measuring device connected to said receiver for measuring the strength of a pilot signal from a base station and the terminal usage limiting apparatus; and

a hand-off deciding device connected to said pilot strength measuring device for switching between the base station and the terminal usage limiting apparatus based upon the measured strength of the pilot signal, whereby the

use of the mobile terminal is restricted while the mobile terminal receives the signal from the terminal usage limiting apparatus.

5 16. The mobile terminal for use in a restricted use area according to claim 15 further comprising a display unit for indicating that the use of the mobile terminal is limited.

10 17. The mobile terminal for use in a restricted use area according to claim 15 further comprising an audio unit for indicating that the use of the mobile terminal is limited.

15 18. The mobile terminal for use in a restricted use area according to claim 15 further comprising a tactile unit connected for indicating that the use of the mobile terminal is limited.

20 19. The mobile terminal for use in a restricted use area according to claim 18 wherein said tactile unit is a vibrator, said vibrator vibrating at a predetermined frequency that is different from another predetermined frequency which is used to indicate an incoming call.

25 20. A method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal in a predetermined area, comprising:

determining a unique station information for  
identifying a transmission source;

storing a predetermined set of emergency calls;

periodically transmitting to the mobile terminal a  
5 signal including the unique station information in a  
predetermined area;

receiving a signal from the mobile terminal;

determining whether or not the received signal is a  
call origination request to one of the predetermined set  
10 of the emergency calls; and

handing off the mobile terminal to a base station so  
that the mobile terminal retransmits the signal to the base  
station.

21. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal  
in a predetermined area according to claim 20 further  
comprising an additional act of periodically transmitting  
to the mobile terminal the signal indicative limited use  
of the mobile terminal.

20

22. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal  
in a predetermined area according to claim 20 further  
comprising an additional acts of:

periodically collecting information on the base  
25 station located near the transmission source;

periodically storing the information on the base station located near the transmission source; and  
periodically updating the information.

5 23. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal in a predetermined area according to claim 22 further comprising an additional act of periodically updating the unique station information for identifying the transmission source base upon the updated information on  
10 the base station located near the transmission source.

24. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal in a predetermined area according to claim 20 wherein the base station transmits the signal that is the strongest in  
15 transmission power with respect to the mobile terminal.

25. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal in a predetermined area according to claim 20 wherein a rejection message is sent to the mobile terminal in response  
20 to the call origination.

26. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal in a predetermined area according to claim 25 wherein the rejection message is communicated to a user.

25

27. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal in a predetermined area according to claim 26 wherein the communication is visual.

5 28. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal in a predetermined area according to claim 26 wherein the communication is tactile.

10 29. The method of restricting the use of a mobile terminal in a predetermined area according to claim 26 wherein the communication is auditory.

15

20

25



## ABSTRACT

A terminal usage limiting apparatus for limiting the use of a portable telephone in a specific predetermined area. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 is installed to provide service to mobile terminals 101 in a usage limiting area 108. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 outputs control signals as a base station and additional usage limit messages. The terminal usage limiting apparatus 105 enables a mobile terminal 101 in the usage limiting area 108 to recognize the apparatus 105 as a base station so that the mobile terminal is switched from the base station to the apparatus 105. As a result, the mobile terminal 101 receives a usage limit message from the apparatus 105. Thus, the mobile terminal 101 enters into a predetermined operation limit mode where call originations are restricted. In addition, in this mode, the mobile terminal 101 receives control messages from the terminal usage limiting apparatus, and the control message includes a long code mask corresponding to the apparatus 105. Because of the unique long code mask, the mobile terminal 101 is also limited in receiving calls from the base stations 102 and 103 via the paging channel.

## APPENDIX

The list of elements in the drawings.

[FIG.1]

102, 103... BASE STATION 1/2    104... EXCHANGE    105... TERMINAL

5    USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS

[FIG.2]

202... RF DEVICE    203... PILOT CHANNEL MODULATOR    204... PAGING  
CHANNEL MODULATOR    205... SENDING CONTROLLER    206... MESSAGE  
GENERATOR

10    [FIG.3]

102... BASE STATION    101... MOBILE TERMINAL    105... USAGE  
LIMITING APPARATUS    601... OVERHEAD MESSAGE    602... CONTROL  
INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM BASE STATION    603... MOBILE  
TERMINAL MOVED INTO USAGE LIMITING AREA    604... PILOT CHANNEL  
15    605... STRONG ELECTRIC FIELD PILOT DETECTED    606... SWITCHED  
(HANDOFF) TO USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS    607... PSEUDO OVERHEAD  
MESSAGE    608... PSEUDO CONTROL INFORMATION RECEIVED    609...  
ORIGINATING REQUEST FROM USER    610... ORIGINATING MESSAGE  
611... IGNORED    612... ACCESS FAILED    T0 - T2... TIME

20    [FIG.4]

202... RF DEVICE    203... PILOT CHANNEL MODULATOR    204... PAGING  
CHANNEL MODULATOR    305... ACCESS CHANNEL DEMODULATOR    306...  
SENDING/RECEIVING CONTROLLER    308... MESSAGE GENERATOR    307...  
MESSAGE ANALYZER

25    [FIG.5]

102... BASE STATION      101... MOBILE TERMINAL      105... USAGE  
 LIMITING APPARATUS      601... OVERHEAD MESSAGE      602... CONTROL  
 INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM BASE STATION      603... MOBILE  
 TERMINAL MOVED INTO USAGE LIMITING AREA      604... PILOT CHANNEL  
 5 605... STRONG ELECTRIC FIELD PILOT DETECTED      606... SWITCHED  
 (HANDOFF) TO USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS      607... PSEUDO OVERHEAD  
 MESSAGE      608... PSEUDO CONTROL INFORMATION RECEIVED      609...  
 ORIGINATING REQUEST FROM USER      610... ORIGINATING MESSAGE  
 701... REJECTION MESSAGE GENERATED      702... REJECTION MESSAGE  
 10 T0 - T2... TIME  
 [FIG.6]  
 202... RF DEVICE      203... PILOT CHANNEL MODULATOR      204... PAGING  
 CHANNEL MODULATOR      305... ACCESS CHANNEL DEMODULATOR      306...  
 SENDING/RECEIVING CONTROLLER      410... HANDOFF DIRECTING  
 15 DEVICE      411... MESSAGE GENERATOR      408... EMERGENCY CALL  
 DECIDING DEVICE      407... MESSAGE ANALYZER      409... NON-LIMITED  
 PHONE NUMBER MEMORY      412... NEIGHBOR BASE STATION PILOT PN  
 MEMORY  
 [FIG.7]  
 20 502... RF DEVICE      503... PILOT CHANNEL DEMODULATOR      504... PAGING  
 CHANNEL DEMODULATOR      505... ACCESS CHANNEL DEMODULATOR      506...  
 PILOT STRENGTH MEASURING DEVICE      507... SENDING/RECEIVING  
 CONTROLLER      508... HANDOFF DECIDING DEVICE      510... TRANSMITTER  
 STOP DIRECTING DEVICE      508... HANDOFF DECIDING DEVICE      511...

MESSAGE GENERATOR 509... MESSAGE ANALYZER 512... EMERGENCY  
DECIDING DEVICE 513... NON-LIMITED PHONE NUMBER MEMORY

[FIG.8]

102... BASE STATION 101... MOBILE TERMINAL 105... USAGE  
5 LIMITING APPARATUS 801... OVERHEAD MESSAGE 802... CONTROL  
INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM BASE STATION 803... MOBILE  
TERMINAL MOVED INTO USAGE LIMITING AREA 804... PILOT CHANNEL  
805... STRONG ELECTRIC FIELD PILOT DETECTED 806... SWITCHED  
(HANDOFF) TO USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS 807... USAGE LIMIT  
10 MESSAGE 808... SET IN OPERATION LIMIT MODE 809... DISPLAY  
MESSAGE "YOU ARE NOW IN USAGE LIMITING AREA" 810... PSEUDO  
OVERHEAD MESSAGE 811... PSEUDO CONTROL INFORMATION RECEIVED  
FROM USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS T0 - T2... TIME

[FIG.9]

15 901... YOUR ARE NOW IN USAGE LIMITING AREA.

[FIG.10]

1001... PURPOSE NUMBER 1. POLICE STATION 2. FIRE STATION

[FIG.11]

102... BASE STATION 101... MOBILE TERMINAL 105... USAGE  
20 LIMITING APPARATUS 1101... PSEUDO OVERHEAD MESSAGE 1102...  
PSEUDO CONTROL INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM USAGE LIMITING  
APPARATUS 1103... DIALED (119) 1104... DIALED NUMBER ANALYZED  
1105... EMERGENCY CALL INDICATOR SET 1106... ORIGINATING  
MESSAGE/EMERGENCY CALL INDICATOR 1107... EMERGENCY CALL  
25 ACCEPTED 1108... HANDOFF BASE STATION DECIDED 1109...

EMERGENCY CALL HANDOFF MESSAGE 1110... SWITCHED (HANDOFF)  
TO PILOT PN 1111... OVERHEAD MESSAGE 1112... CONTROL  
INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM BASE STATION 1113... EMERGENCY  
CALL MADE AGAIN 1114... ORIGINATING MESSAGE

5 [FIG.12]

102... BASE STATION 101... MOBILE TERMINAL 105... USAGE  
LIMITING TERMINAL 1201... PSEUDO OVERHEAD MESSAGE 1202...  
PSEUDO CONTROL INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM USAGE LIMITING  
APPARATUS DIALED (119) 1204... ORIGINATING MESSAGE 1205...  
10 NUMBER ANALYZED 1206... NON-LIMITED PHONE NUMBER COMPARED  
1207... HANDOFF BASE STATION DECIDED 1208... EMERGENCY CALL  
HANDOFF MESSAGE 1209... SWITCHED (HANDOFF) TO PILOT PN  
1210... OVERHEAD MESSAGE 1211... CONTROL INFORMATION RECEIVED  
FROM BASE STATION 1212... EMERGENCY CALL MADE AGAIN 1213...  
15 ORIGINATING MESSAGE

[FIG.13]

START UP USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS.

1301... SET PILOT PN DIFFERENT FROM THOSE OF NEIGHBOR BASE  
STATIONS AS BASE STATION ID.

20 1302... SET NEIGHBOR BASE STATION CONFIGURATION.

1303... KEEP SENDING PILOT SIGNAL.

1304... SEND OVERHEAD MESSAGE/USAGE LIMIT MESSAGE  
PERIODICALLY.

1305... MESSAGE RECEIVED? 1306... ORIGINATING MESSAGE? 1307...  
25 SEND USAGE LIMIT MESSAGE. 1308... ANALYZE PHONE NUMBER.

1309... EMERGENCY CALL? 1310... SEND USAGE LIMIT MESSAGE.  
 1311... DECIDE HANDOFF BASE STATION. 1312... SEND EMERGENCY  
 CALL HANDOFF MESSAGE.

[FIG.14]

5 102... BASE STATION 105... TERMINAL USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS  
 1411... PILOT CHANNEL 1410... PAGING CHANNEL 1420... EMERGENCY  
 HANDOFF 104... EXCHANGE 103... BASE STATION

[FIG.15]

1502... RF DEVICE 1503... PILOT CHANNEL DEMODULATOR 1504...  
 10 PAGING CHANNEL DEMODULATOR 1505... PILOT CHANNEL MODULATOR  
 1506... PAGING CHANNEL MODULATOR 1507... ACCESS CHANNEL  
 DEMODULATOR 1508... PILOT STRENGTH MEASURING DEVICE 1509...  
 SENDING/RECEIVING CONTROLLER 1513... HANDOFF DIRECTING  
 DEVICE 1514... MESSAGE GENERATOR 1510... HANDOFF DECIDING  
 15 DEVICE 1512... EMERGENCY CALL DECIDING DEVICE 1511... MESSAGE  
 ANALYZER 1510... Idle handoff DECIDING DEVICE 1515...  
 SELF-STATION PILOT PN DECIDING DEVICE 1516... NON-LIMITED  
 PHONE NUMBER MEMORY 1517... NEIGHBOR BASE STATION  
 INFORMATION MEMORY

20 [FIG.16]

1602... RF DEVICE 1603... PILOT CHANNEL DEMODULATOR 1604...  
 PAGING CHANNEL DEMODULATOR 1605... ACCESS CHANNEL MODULATOR  
 1606... TRAFFIC CHANNEL DEMODULATOR 1607... TRAFFIC CHANNEL  
 MODULATOR 1608... PILOT STRENGTH MEASURING DEVICE 1609...  
 25 SENDING/RECEIVING CONTROLLER 1612... TRANSMITTER STOP

DIRECTING DEVICE 1610... HANDOFF DECIDING DEVICE 1613...  
 MESSAGE GENERATOR 1611... MESSAGE ANALYZER 1614... EMERGENCY  
 CALL DECIDING DEVICE 1615... NON-LIMITED PHONE NUMBER MEMORY  
 [FIG.17]

5 102... BASE STATION 105... USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS 1812...  
 USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS EMERGENCY CALL HANDOFF 103...  
 BASE STATION  
 [FIG.18]

101... MOBILE TERMINAL 105... TERMINAL USAGE LIMITING  
 10 APPARATUS 102... BASE STATION 103... BASE STATION 1801...  
 USAGE LIMIT MODE 1802... PSEUDO OVERHEAD MESSAGE 1803...  
 PILOT CHANNEL 1804... PILOT CHANNEL 1805... OVERHEAD MESSAGE  
 1806... TERMINAL USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS MOVED INTO AREA OF  
 BASE STATION 603 1805... OVERHEAD MESSAGE 1807... STRONG  
 15 ELECTRIC FIELD PILOT DETECTED 1808... IDLE HANDOFF EXECUTED  
 1809... OVERHEAD MESSAGE 1810... NEIGHBOR BASE STATION  
 INFORMATION UPDATED 1811... SELF-STATION PILOT PN SWITCHED  
 1812... PILOT CHANNEL 1813... STRONG ELECTRIC FIELD PILOT  
 DETECTED 1814... IDLE HANDOFF EXECUTED 1815... PSEUDO  
 20 OVERHEAD MESSAGE  $t_1 - t_2$ ... TIME

[FIG.19]

BASE STATION 111 PILOT STRENGTH

1. BASE STATION ...

[FIG.20]

101... MOBILE TERMINAL      105... TERMINAL USAGE LIMITING  
APPARATUS   103, 102... BASE STATION   2001... USAGE LIMIT MODE  
2002... PSEUDO OVERHEAD MESSAGE   2003... PILOT CHANNEL   2004...  
PILOT CHANNEL   2005... OVERHEAD MESSAGE   2006... NEIGHBOR BASE  
5   STATION INFORMATION UPDATED   2007... DIALED (119)   2008...  
ORIGINATING MESSAGE   2009... NUMBER ANALYZED   2010... DECIDED  
TO BE EMERGENCY CALL   2011... HANDOFF BASE STATION DECIDED  
2012... HANDOFF DIRECTING MESSAGE   2013... ORIGINATING MESSAGE  
[FIG.21]

10   START UP TERMINAL USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS.  
2108... SWITCH SELF-STATION PILOT PN.  
2101... KEEP SENDING PILOT SIGNAL.   2102... KEEP SENDING PAGING  
CHANNEL SIGNAL.   2103... KEEP RECEIVING PILOT SIGNAL.   2104...  
KEEP RECEIVING PAGING CHANNEL SIGNAL.   2105... IDLE HANDOFF?  
15   2106... SWITCH LONG CODE MASK.   2107... SELF-STATION PILOT PN  
SWITCHED?   2109... ORIGINATING MESSAGE RECEIVED?   2110...  
ANALYZE PHONE NUMBER.   2111... EMERGENCY CALL?   2112... SEND  
REJECTION MESSAGE.   2113... DECIDE HANDOFF BASE STATION.  
2114... SEND HANDOFF DIRECTING MESSAGE.

20

603... MOBILE TERMINAL MOVED INTO USAGE LIMITING AREA   604...  
PILOT CHANNEL   605... STRONG ELECTRIC FIELD PILOT DETECTED  
606... SWITCHED (HANDOFF) TO USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS   607...  
PSEUDO OVERHEAD MESSAGE   608... PSEUDO CONTROL INFORMATION  
25   RECEIVED   609... ORIGINATING REQUEST FROM USER   610...



ORIGINATING MESSAGE 611... IGNORED 612... ACCESS FAILED T0

- T2... TIME

FIG.1

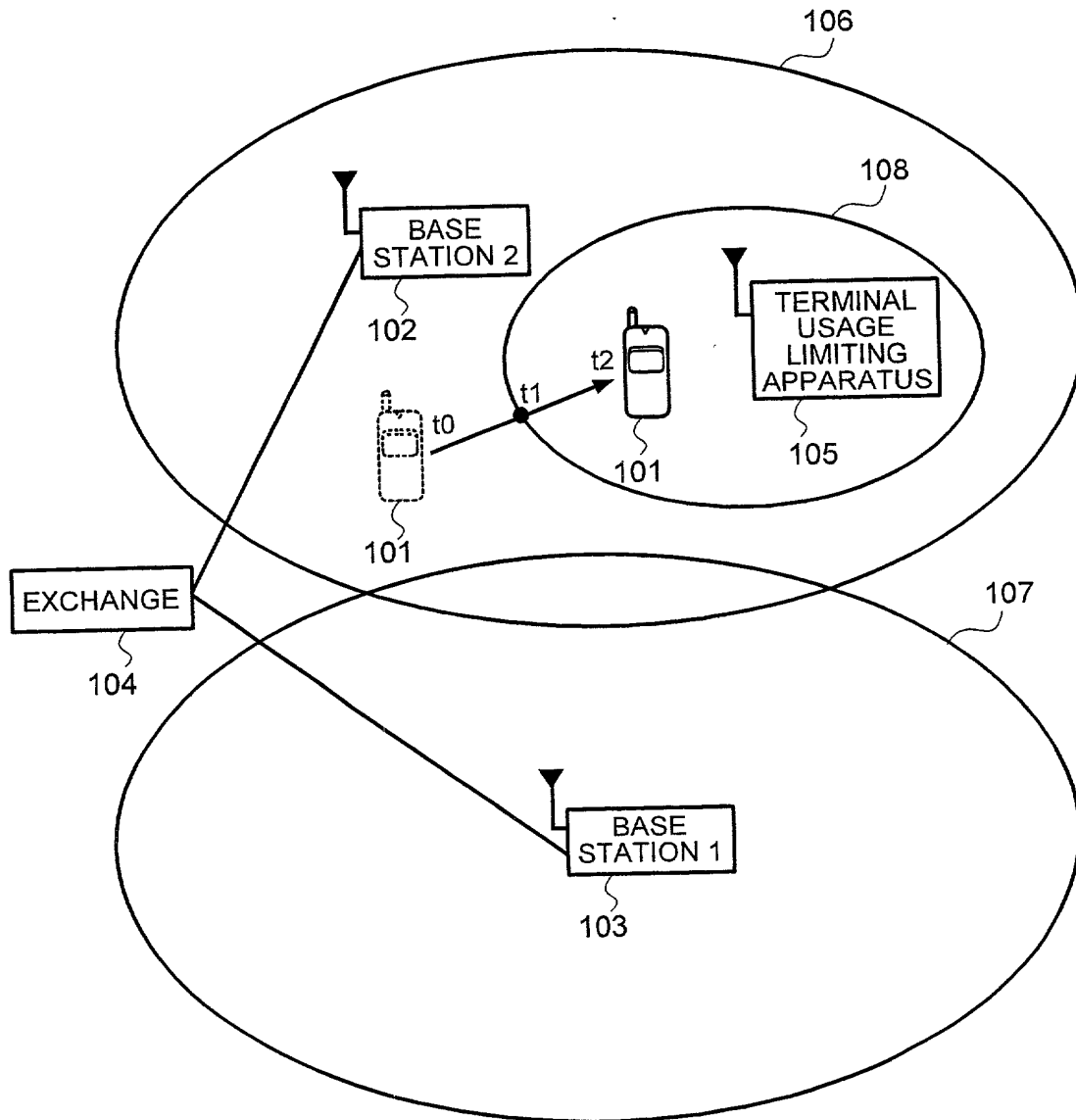
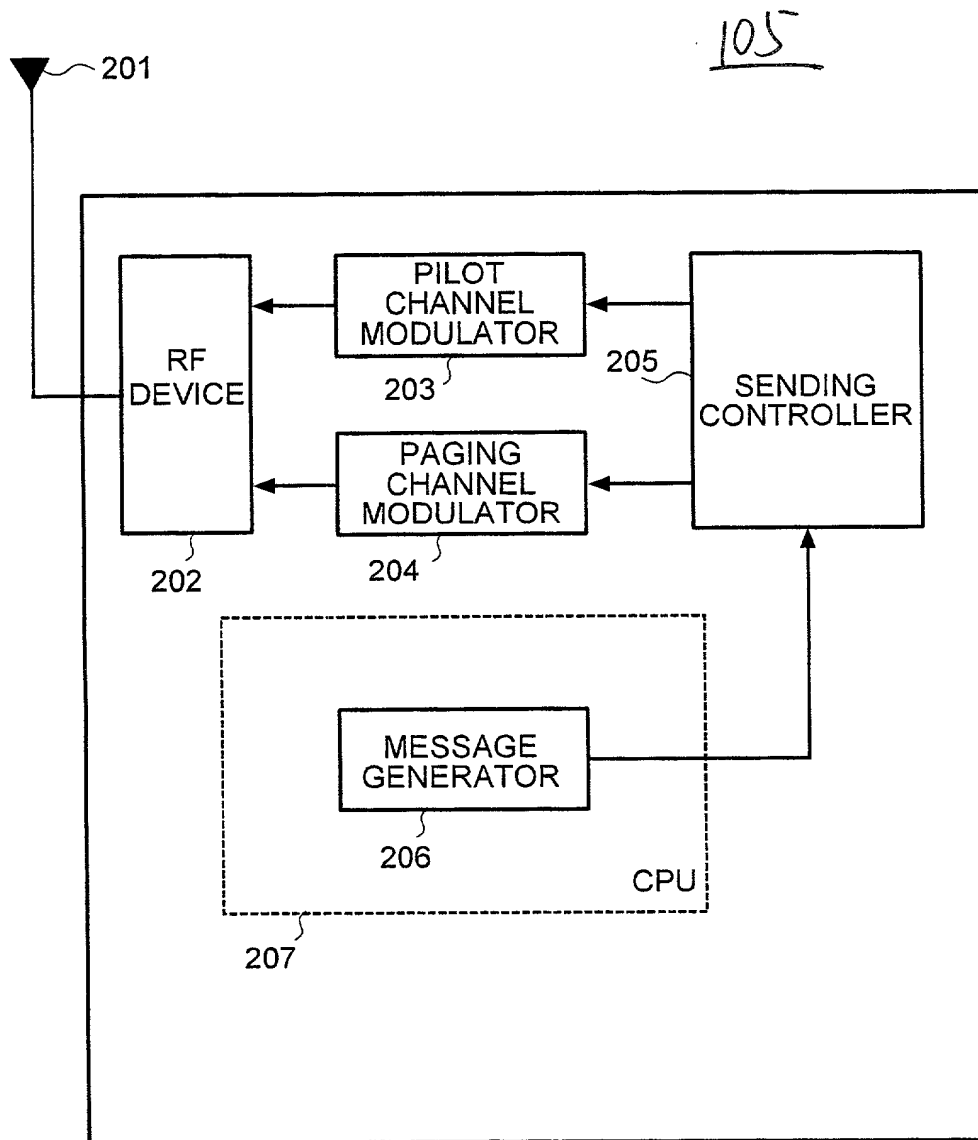


FIG.2



# FIG.3

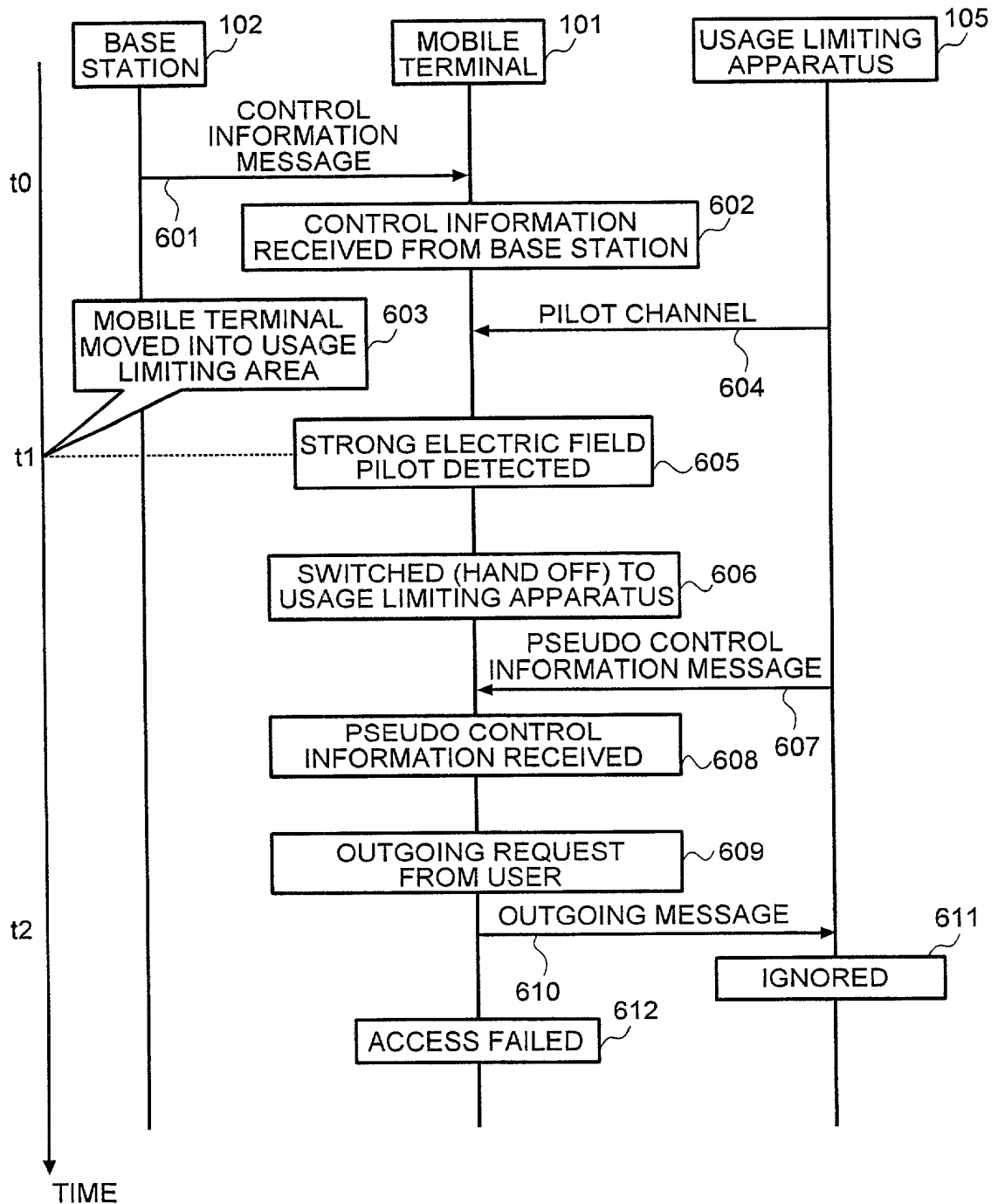
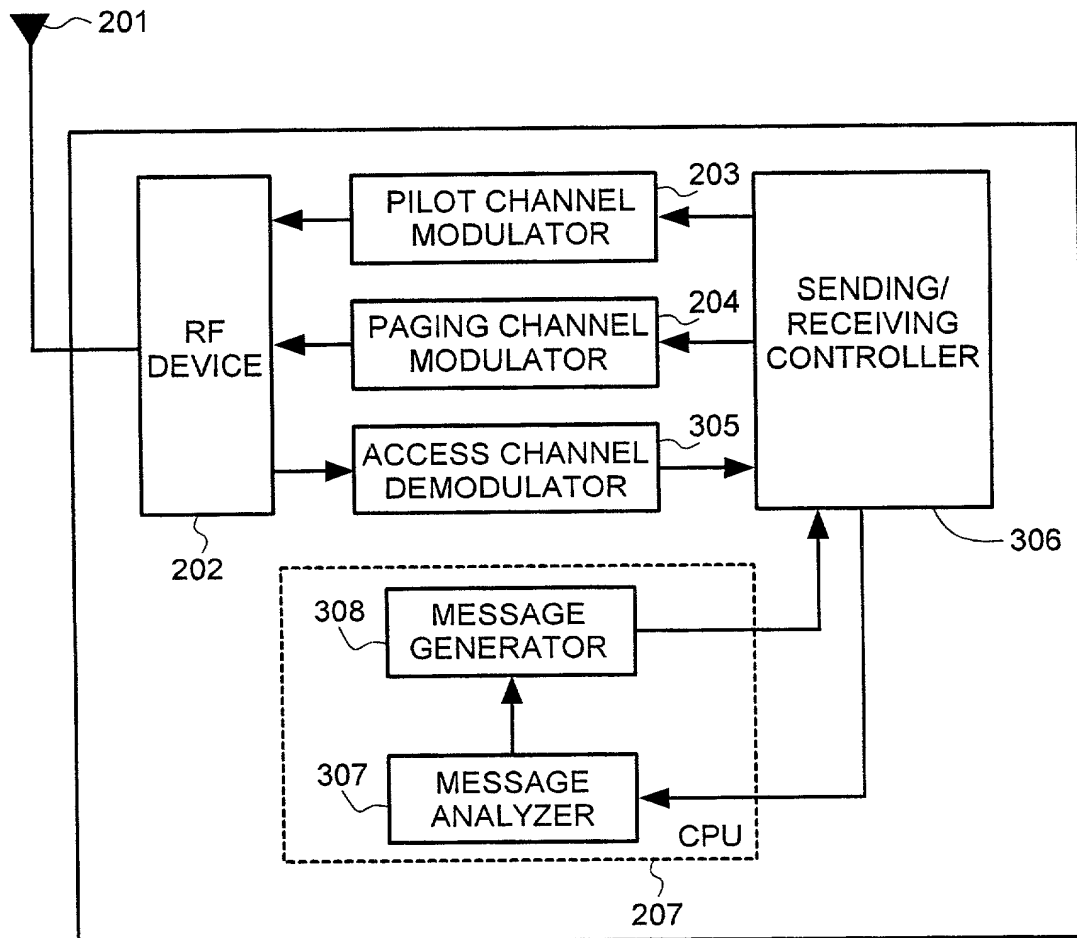


FIG.4

105A



# FIG.5

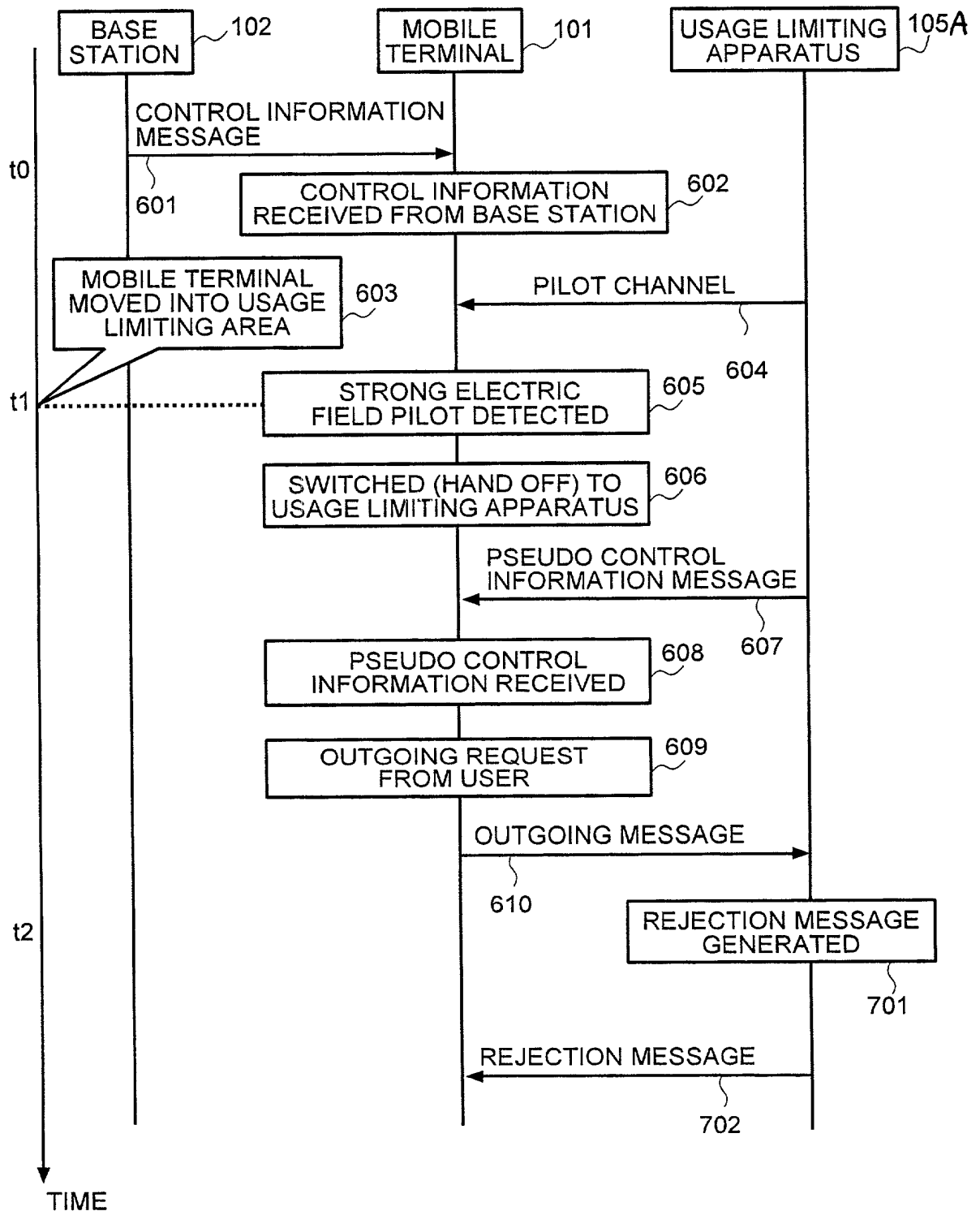
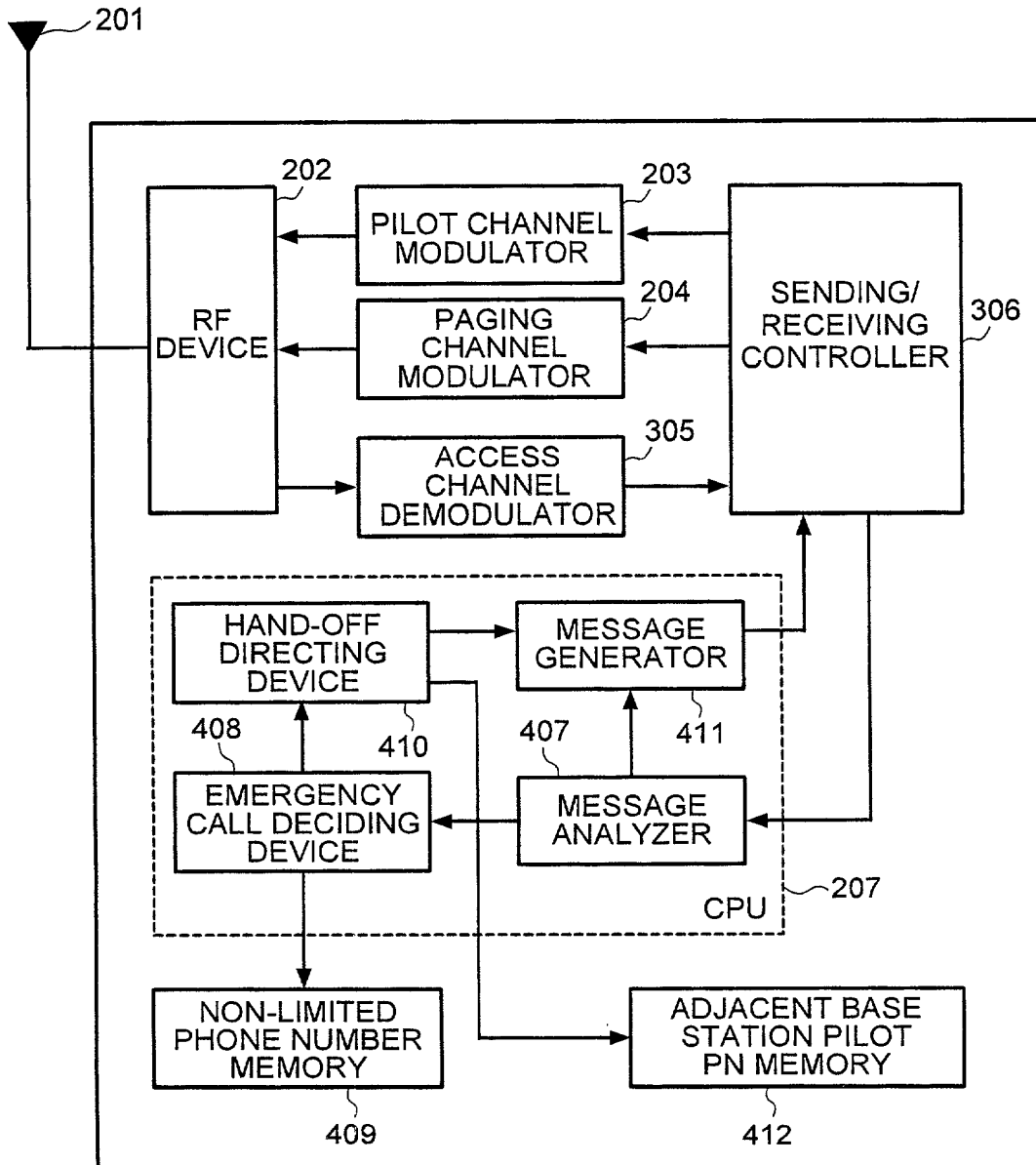
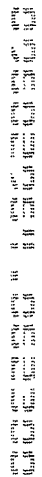


FIG.6

105B



101B





# FIG.8

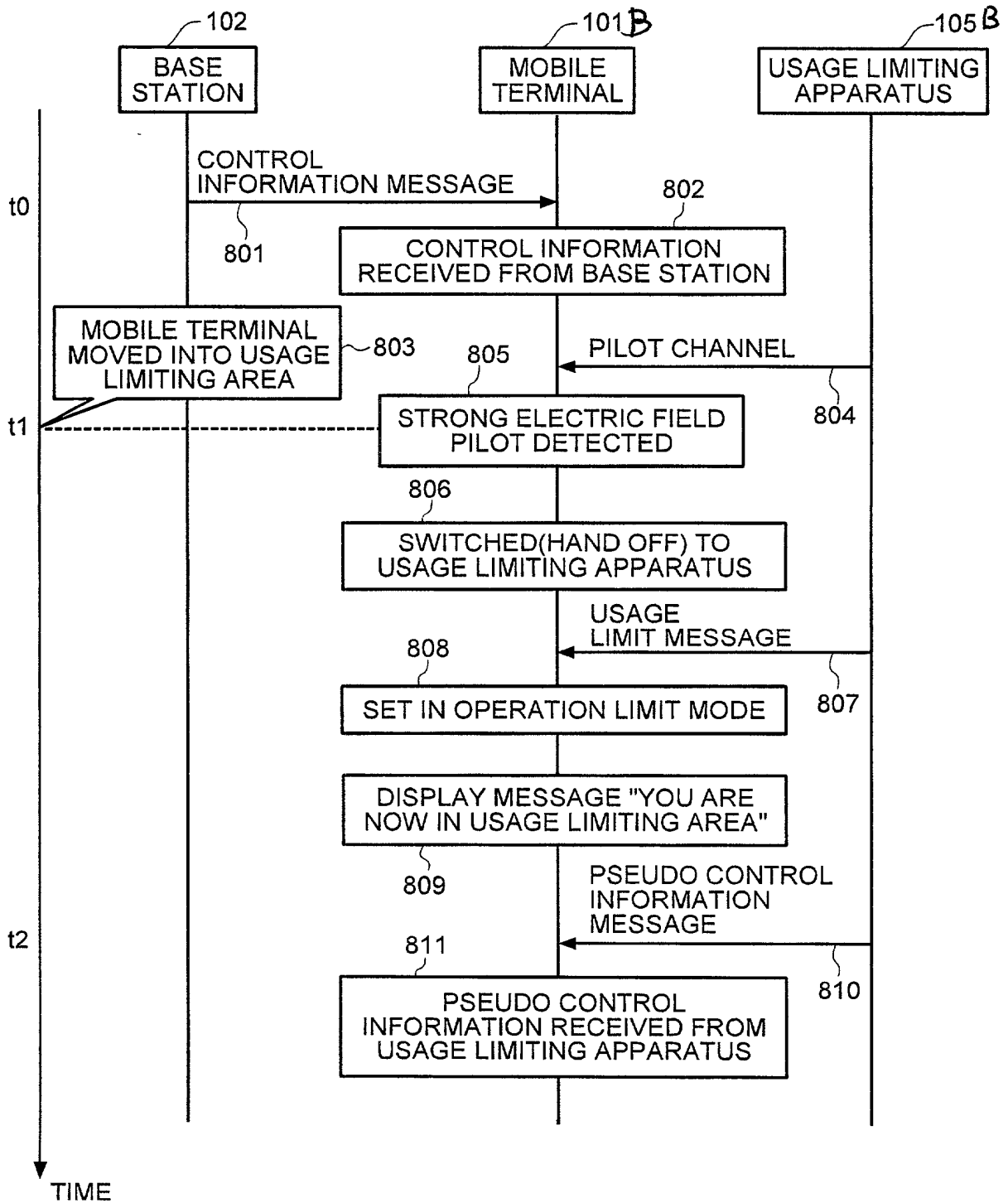
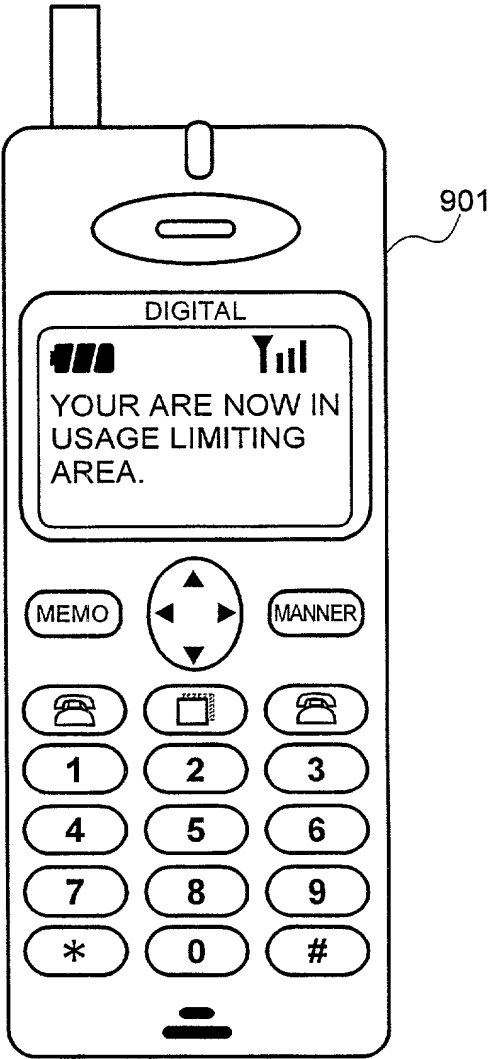


FIG.9

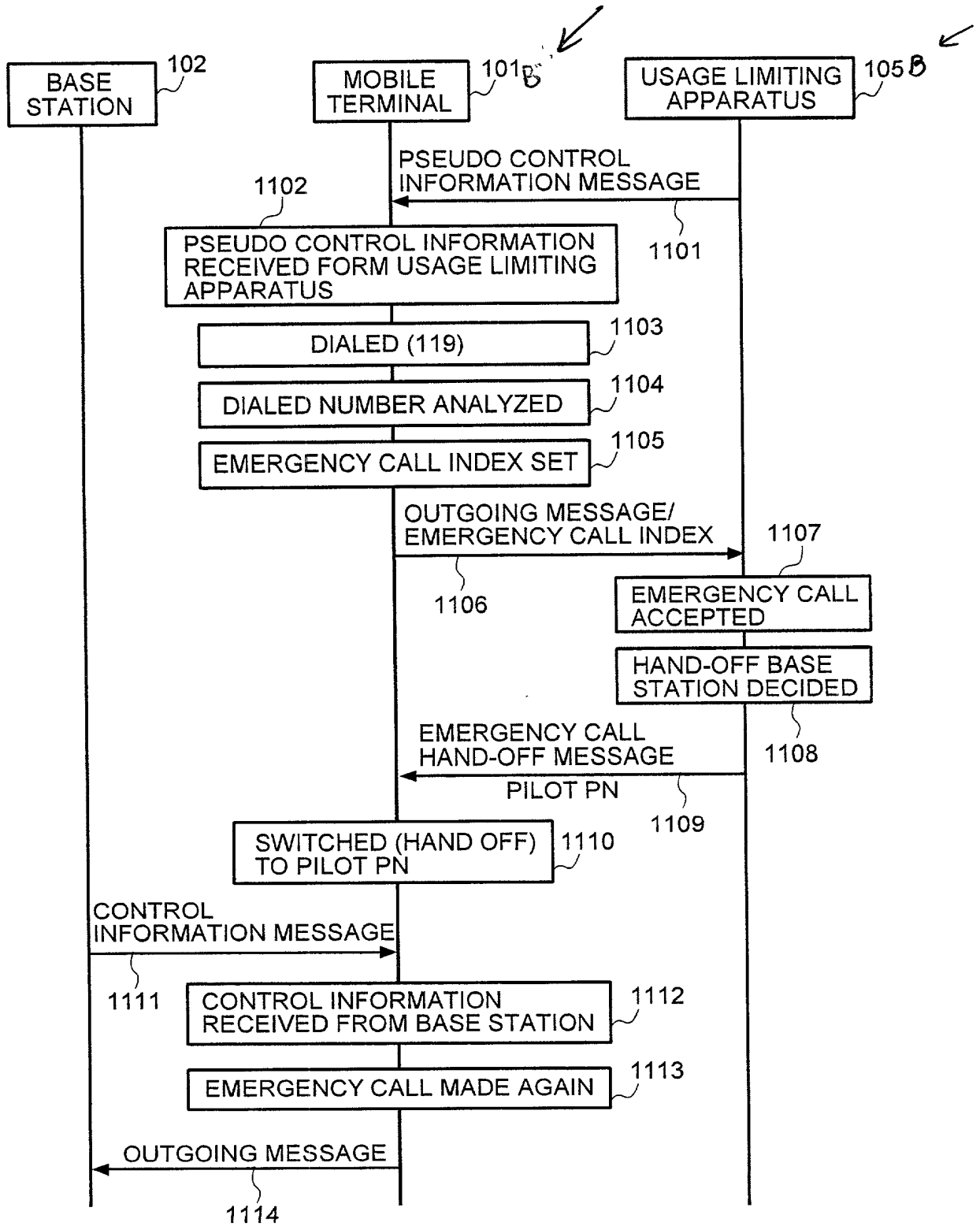


**FIG.10**

1001

#	PURPOSE	NUMBER
1	POLICE STATION	110
2	FIRE STATION	119
3	* * *	XXX-XX-XXXXX
4	* * *	YYY-YY-YYYYY
5		
6		

# FIG.11



# FIG.12

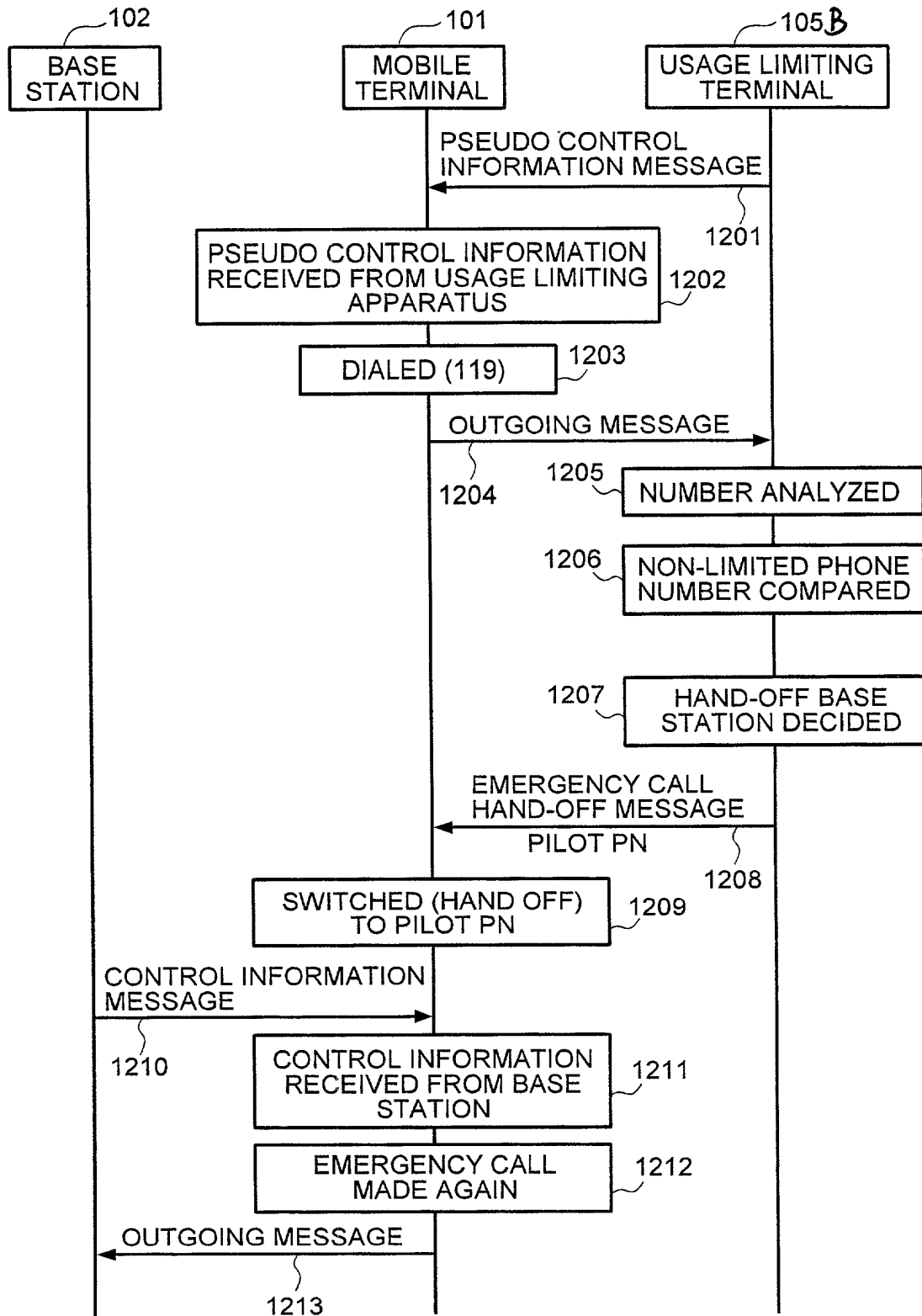
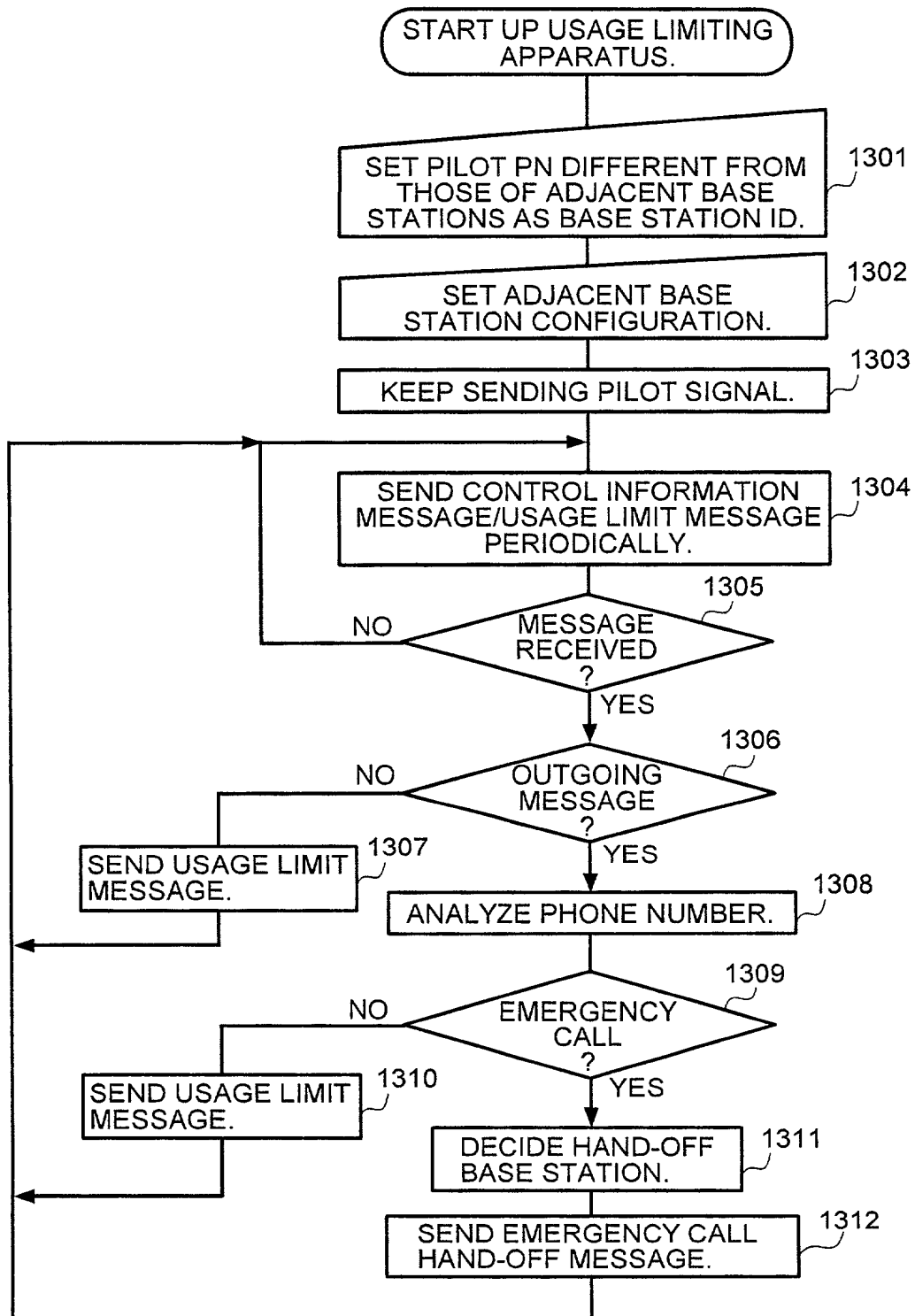
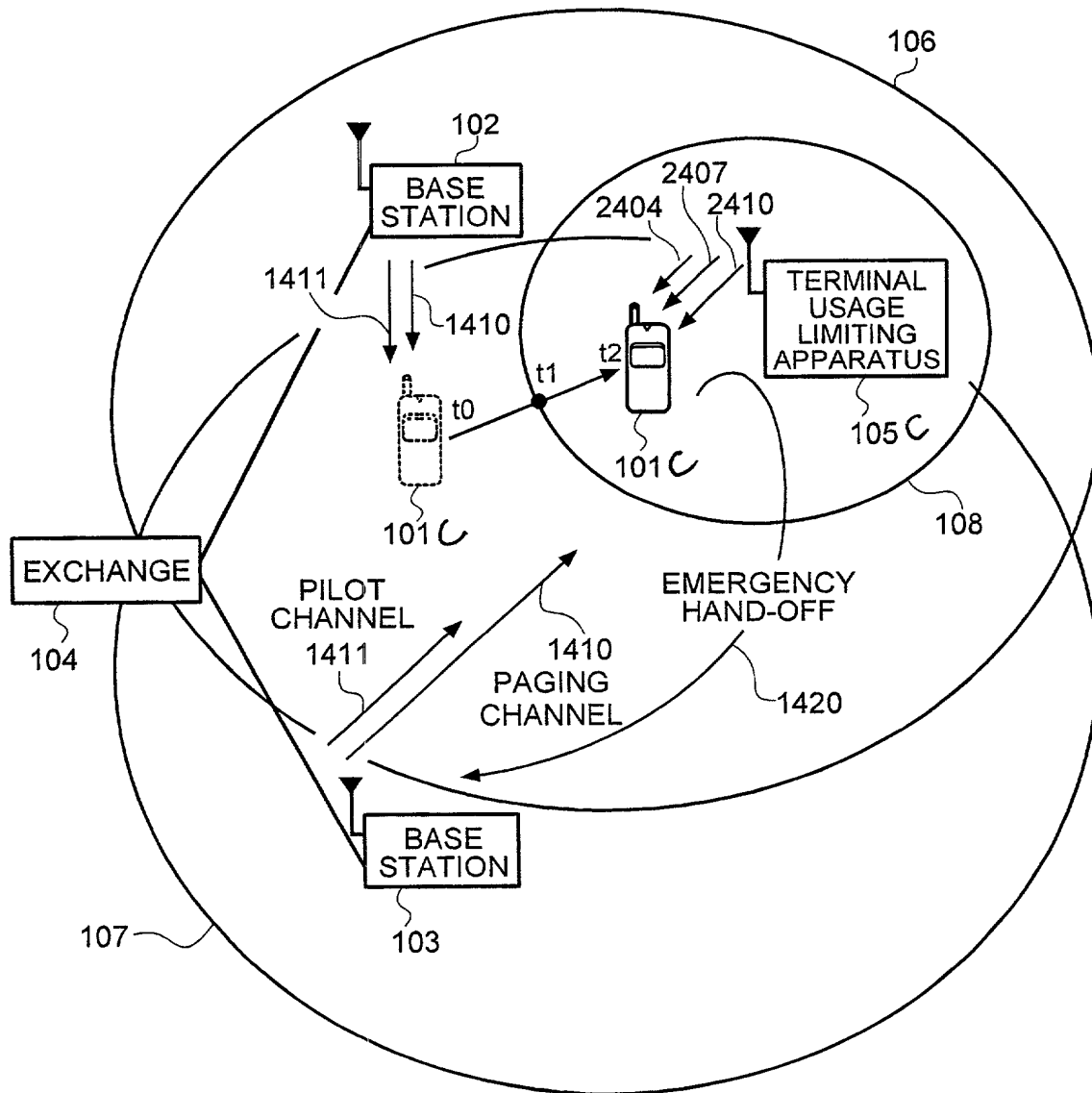


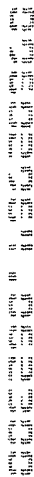
FIG.13



**FIG.14**



105C





# FIG.16

10/c

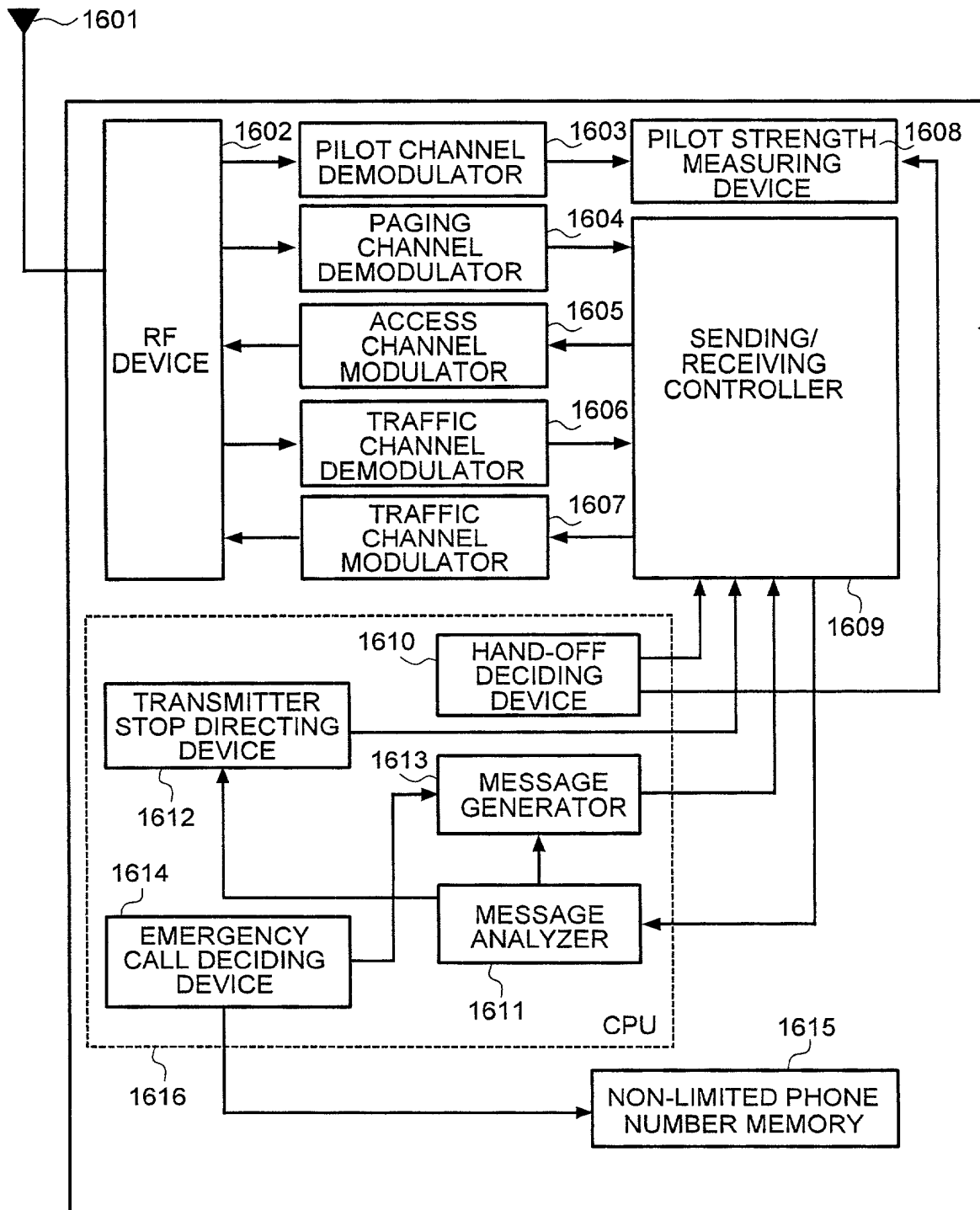
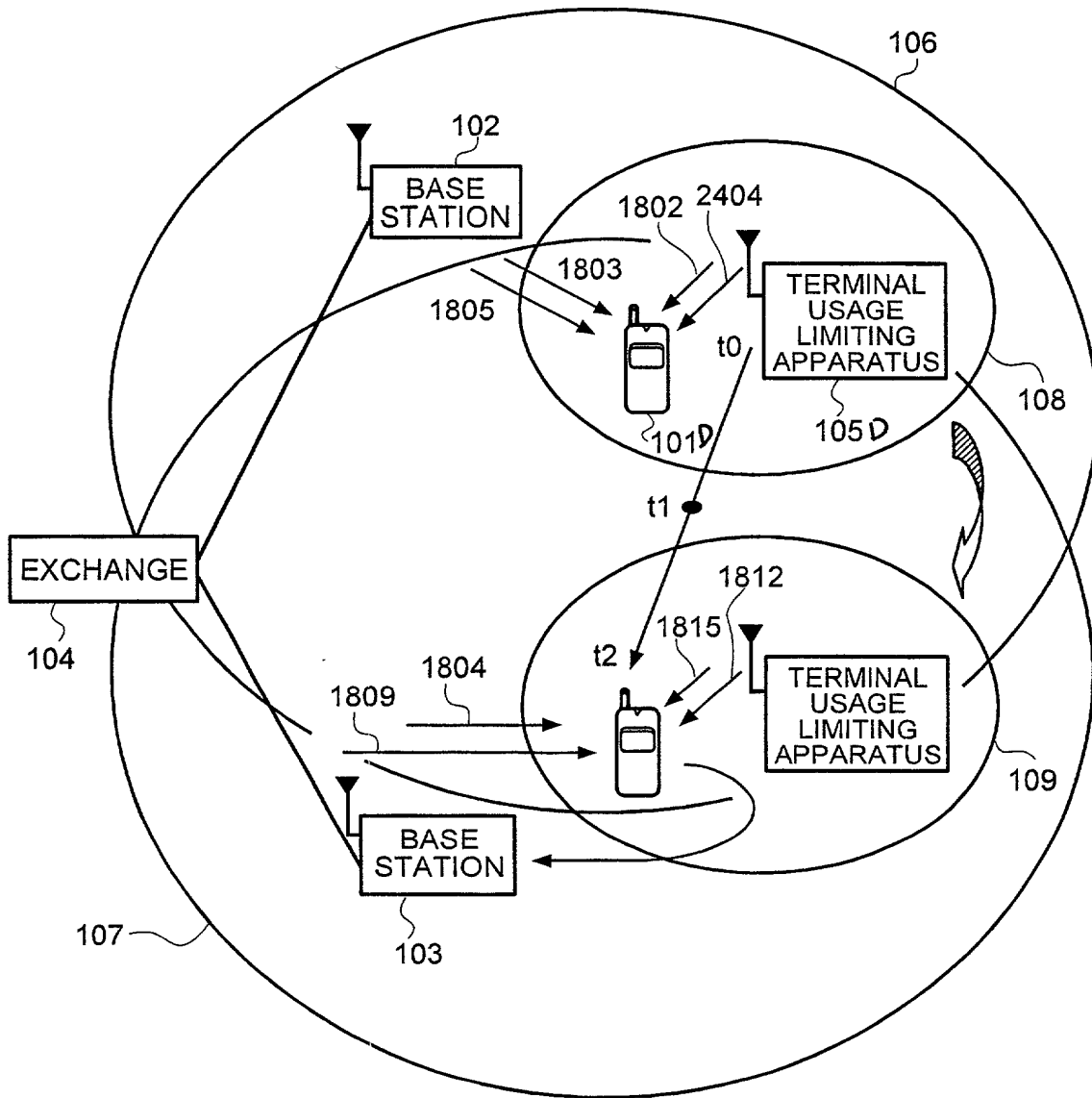


FIG.17



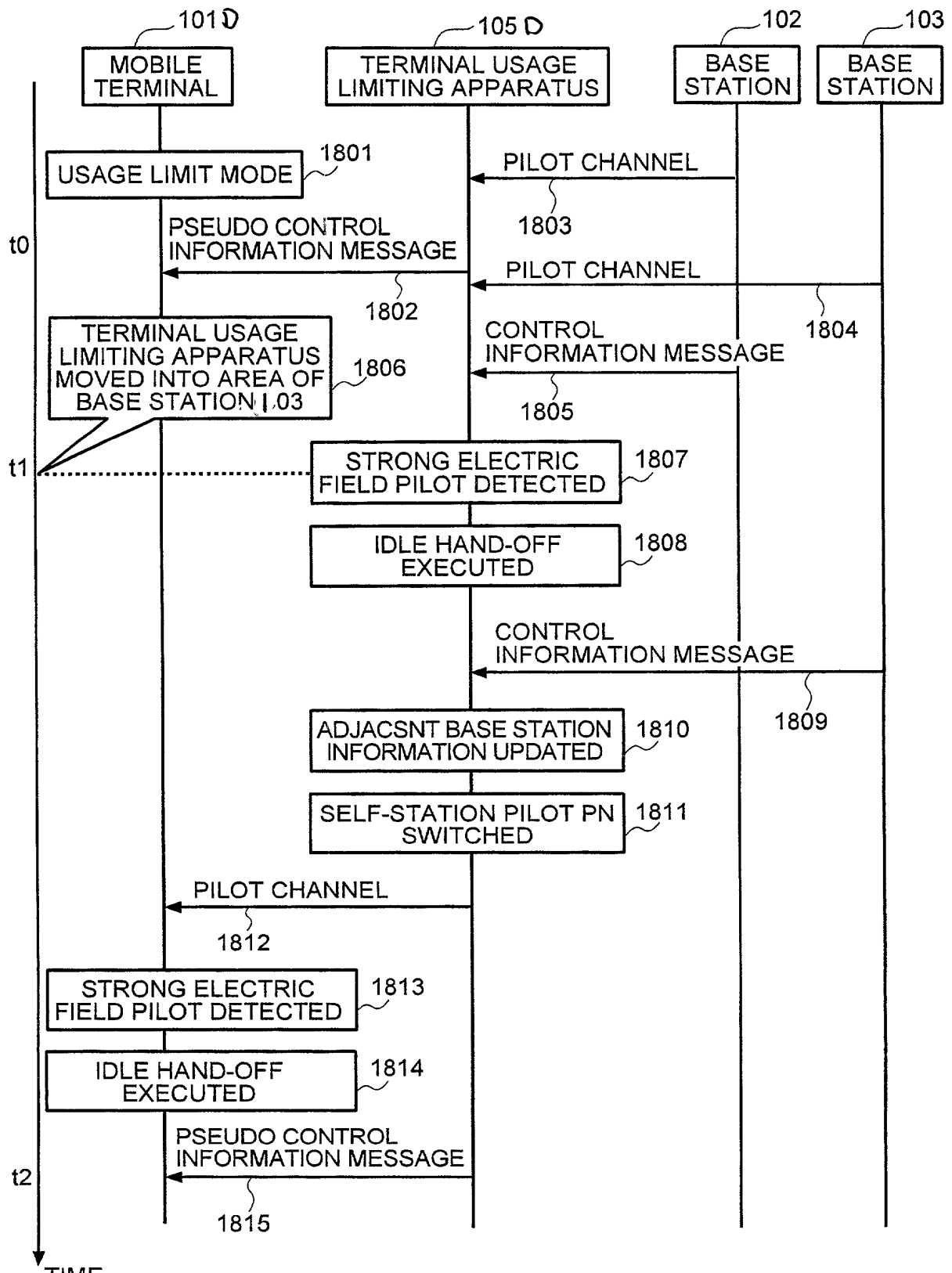
[illegible]

FIG.19

1901

#	BASE STATION	PILOT PN OFFSET	PILOT STRENGTH
1	BASE STATION 602	XXX	aaa
2	BASE STATION 603	YYY	bbb
3	BASE STATION AAA	ZZZ	ccc
4	BASE STATION BBB	WWW	ddd
5	* * *	* * *	* * *
6	* * *	* * *	* * *

# FIG.20

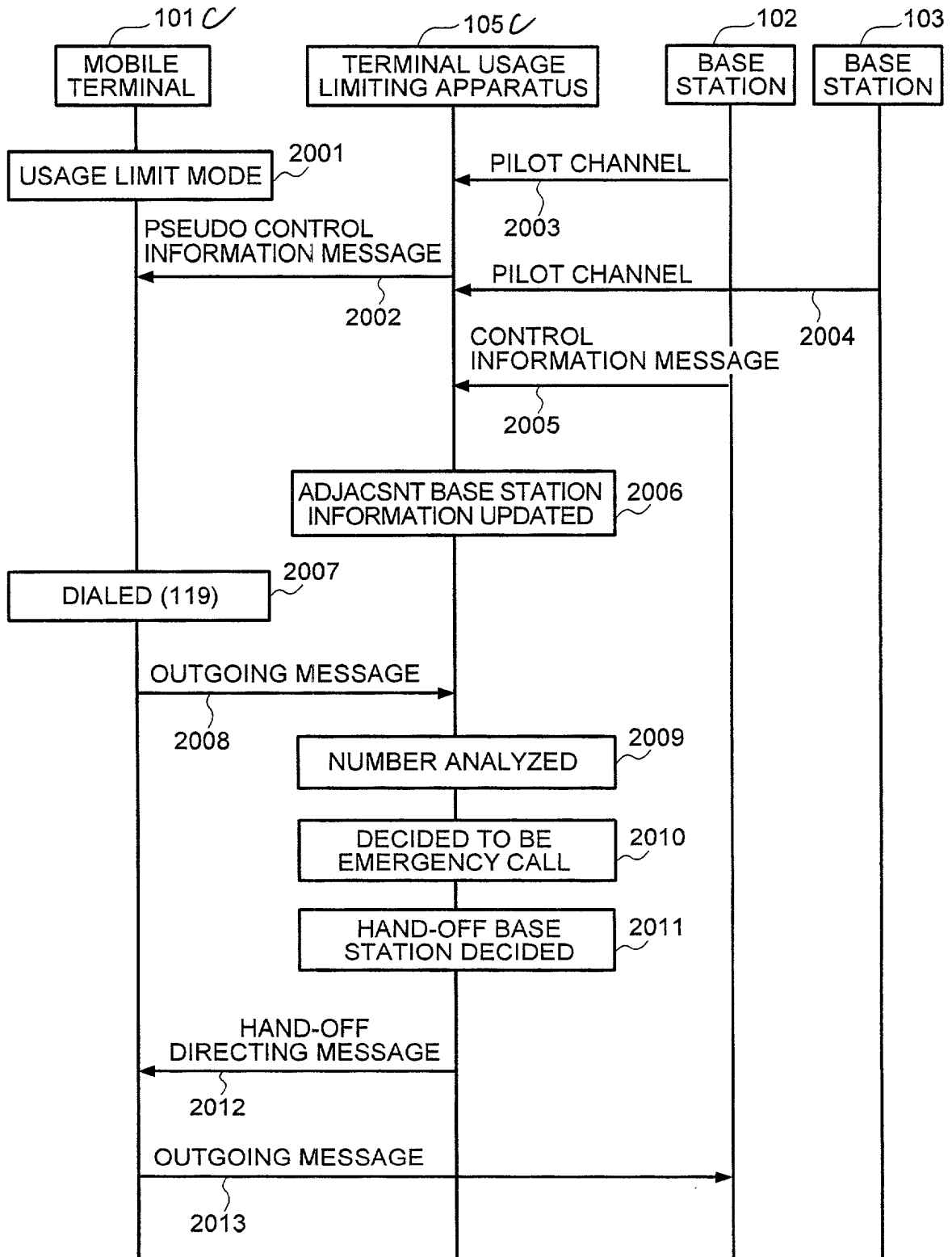
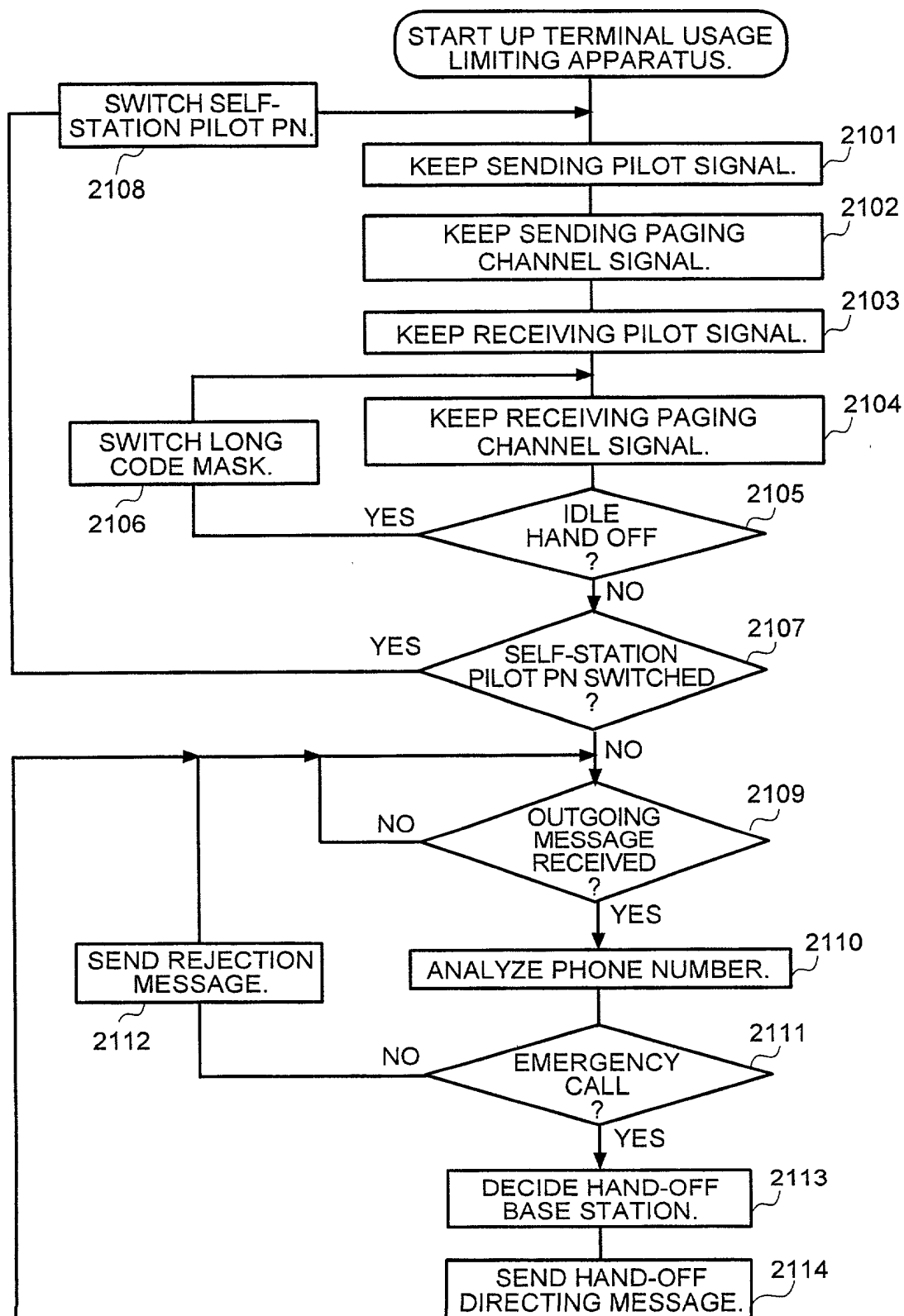


FIG.21



Docket No.  
Hitachi-0008

# Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

## English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

### TERMINAL USAGE LIMITING APPARATUS

the specification of which

(check one)

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application Number \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_

(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

11-179364	Japan	25/06/1999	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	
11-195426	Japan	09/07/1999	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	
			<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C. F. R., Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Status)  
(patented, pending, abandoned)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

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(patented, pending, abandoned)

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(patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.



**POWER OF ATTORNEY:** As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. *(list name and registration number)*

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